INTRODUCTION TO DATA SCIENCE

This lecture is based on course by E. Fox and C. Guestrin, Univ of Washington

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WFAiS UJ, Informatyka Stosowana I stopień studiów

Recommending system: films

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Mchiane learning: recommending system



Recomending system:



Connect users with movies they may want to watch

Recomending system:



Recommending system: popularity?

- Popularność?
 - Ranking wg. liczba oglądań
 - Nie ma personalizacji

Recommending system: classification

- Classification?
 - What is probability that I will buy this product?
 - Personalisation: purhase history, monthly and yearly trends, etc.



Recommending system: correlations

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- Analyse correlations. Customers who bought product A also bought product B
 - Correlation matrix



1. Look at *diapers* row of matrix

- 2. Recommend other items with largest counts
 - baby wipes, milk, baby food,...

Recommending system: correlations

- Analyse correlations. Customers who bought product A also bought product B
 - Should we normalise correlation matrix?
 - How to quantify that products are "products"?
- Limitation of correlationss:
 - It is not looking at the purhasing history (trends in time)
 - How to add a new customer (no info on correlations)?

Recommending system: films

Users watch movies and rate them

User	Movie	Rating
×.		$\star\star\star\star\star$
X		****
×.		$\star \star \star \star$
×.		$\star \star \star \star \star$
×.		$\star\star\star\star\star\star$
×.		★★★★
×.		$\star\star\star\star\star$
×.		****
×.		$\star\star\star\star\star\star$

Each user only watches a few of the available movies

Recommending system: films



• Data: Users score some movies

Rating(u,v) known for black cells Rating(u,v) unknown for white cells

• Goal: Filling missing data?



Recommending system: optimisation

- Squeezing last bit of accuracy by blending models
- Netflix Prize 2006-2009
 - 100M ratings
 - 17,770 movies
 - 480,189 users
 - Predict 3 million ratings to highest accuracy

			Shint Download	
Leaderboard 10.05% Display top 20 leaders.				
Rank	Team Name	Best Score	% Improvement	Last Submit Time
	BellKor's Pragmatic Chaos	0.8558	10.05	2009-06-26 18:42:37
Grand	BeliKor's Pragmatic Chaos Prize - RMSE <= 0.8563	0.8558	10.05	2009-06-26 18:42:37
Grand	BeliKor's Pragmatic Chaos Prize - RMSE <= 0.8563 PragmaticTheory	0.8558	9.80	2009-06-26 18:42:37 2009-06-25 22:15:51
Grand	BeliKor's Pragmatic Chaos Prize - RMSE <= 0.8563 PragmaticTheory BeliKor in BigChaos	0.8558	9.80 9.71	2009-06-26 18:42:37 2009-06-25 22:15:57 2009-05-13 08:14:05
Grand	BeliKor's Pragmatic Chaos Prize - RMSE <= 0.8563 PragmaticTheory BeliKor in BigChaos Grand Prize Teem	0.8558	9.80 9.71 9.68	2009-06-26 18:42:3 2009-06-25 22:15:5 2009-05-13 08:14:0 2009-06-12 08:20:2
Grand 2 3 1 5	BeliKor's Pragmatic Chaos Prize - RMSE <= 0.8563 PragmaticTheory BeliKor in BigChaos Grand Prize Team Dace	0.8558	9.80 9.71 9.68 9.56	2009-06-26 18:42:33 2009-06-25 22:15:5 2009-06-25 22:15:5 2009-06-13 08:14:05 2009-06-12 08:20:24 2009-06-12 08:20:24

- Winning team blended over 100 models

The world of all baby products



User likes subset of items







Precision-recall curve

- Input: A specific recommender system
- Output: Algorithm-specific precision-recall curve
- To draw curve, vary threshold on # items recommended
 - For each setting, calculate the precision and recall



Which Algorithm is Best?

- For a given precision, want recall as large as possible (or vice versa)
- One metric: largest area under the curve (AUC)
- Another: set desired recall and maximize precision



(precision at k)

Recommending system

Models	Collaborative filteringMatrix factorizationPCA
Algorithms	 Coordinate descent Eigen decomposition SVD
Concepts	 Matrix completion, eigenvalues, random projections, cold-start problem, diversity, scaling up