

# Introduction to particle physics: experimental part

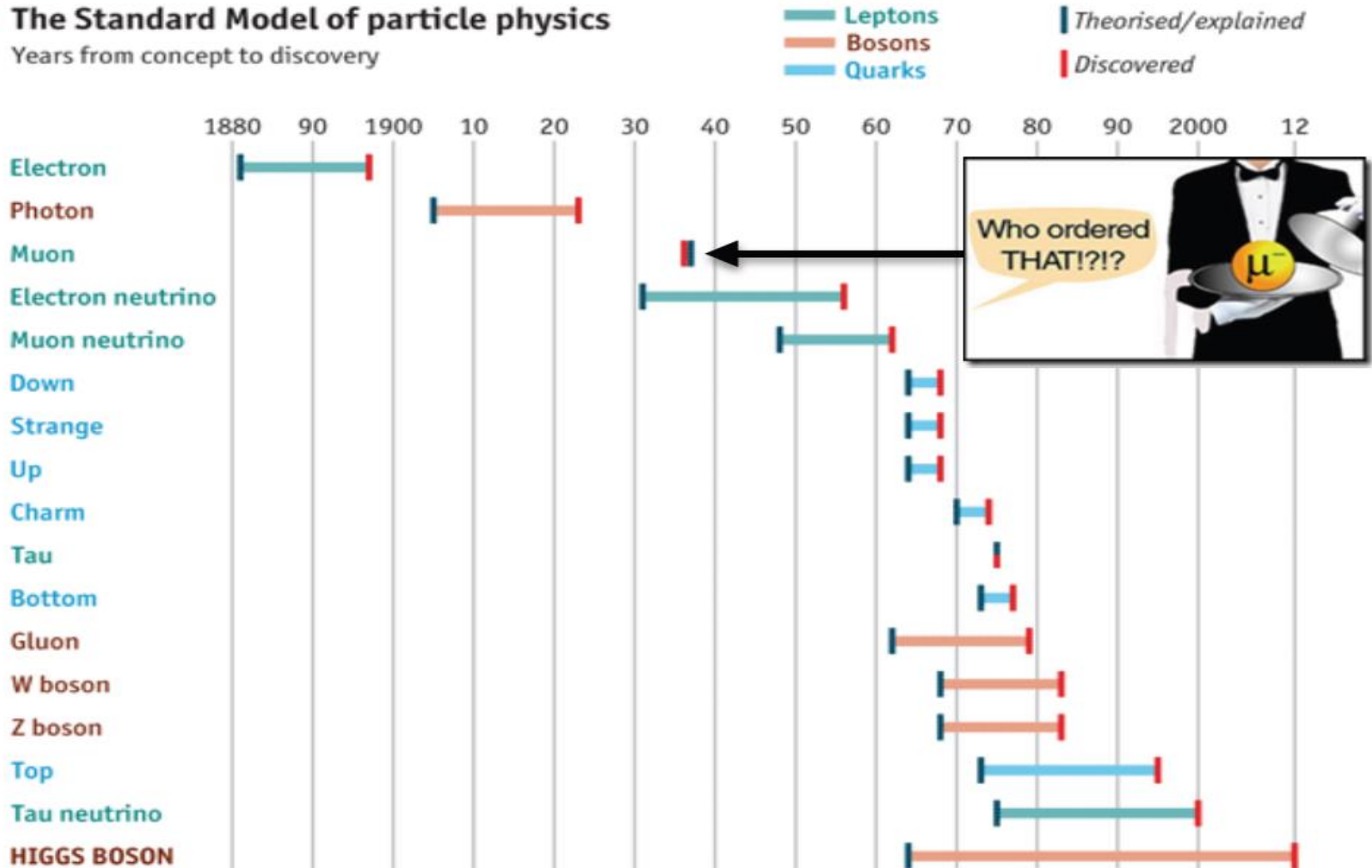
**Searches for New Physics**

**First results from Run II**

# Uncharted discoveries?

## The Standard Model of particle physics

Years from concept to discovery



Source: *The Economist*

# Many unanswered questions....

Why there are 3 families of particles? Are there more? Why is the top quark so heavy?

Why there's more matter than anti-matter?

How do neutrinos get mass?

How do we incorporate gravity?

What is Dark Matter?

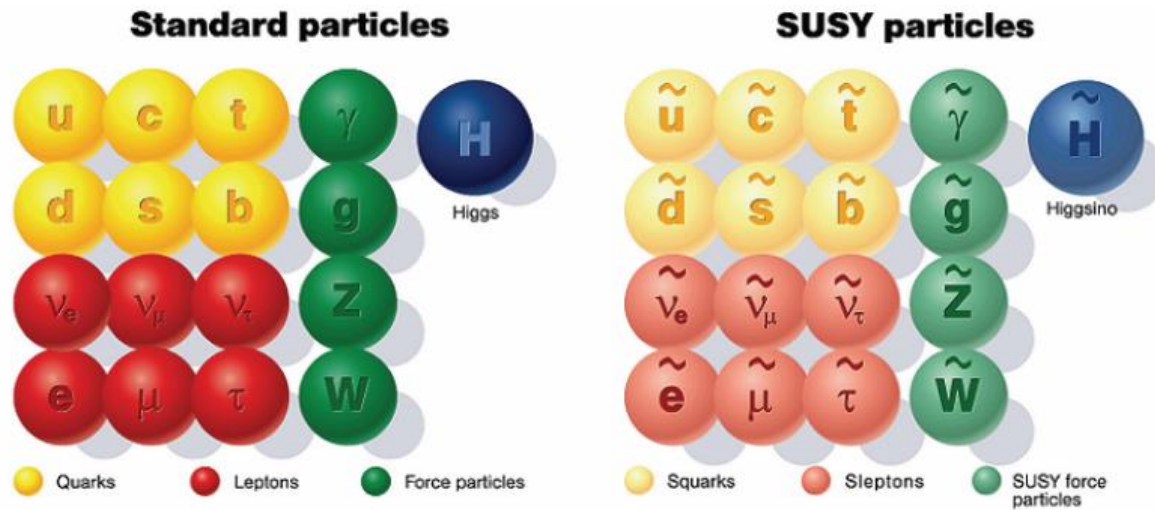
1968: SLAC <b>u</b> up quark	1974: Brookhaven & SLAC <b>c</b> charm quark	1995: Fermilab <b>t</b> top quark	1979: DESY <b>g</b> gluon
1968: SLAC <b>d</b> down quark	1947: Manchester University <b>s</b> strange quark	1977: Fermilab <b>b</b> bottom quark	1923: Washington University <b><math>\gamma</math></b> photon
1956: Savannah River Plant <b><math>\nu_e</math></b> electron neutrino	1962: Brookhaven <b><math>\nu_\mu</math></b> muon neutrino	2000: Fermilab <b><math>\nu_\tau</math></b> tau neutrino	1983: CERN <b>W</b> W boson
1897: Cavendish Laboratory <b>e</b> electron	1937: Caltech and Harvard <b><math>\mu</math></b> muon	1976: SLAC <b><math>\tau</math></b> tau	1983: CERN <b>Z</b> Z boson
			2012: CERN <b>H</b> Higgs boson

Are there more forces?

What keeps the Higgs mass so small?

# ... as many possible answers to probe!

- Super-symmetry?



- Composite quark and/or leptons?
- New Heavy bosons?
- Gravitons?
- Dark Matter particles?
- ...

$u$	$c$	$t$	$g$
$d$	$s$	$b$	$\gamma$
$\nu_e$	$\nu_\mu$	$\nu_\tau$	$W$
$e$	$\mu$	$\tau$	$Z$

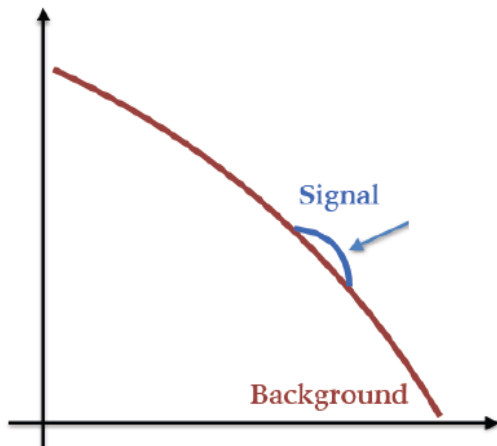
Any new theory need to agree with the SM!

# How would new phenomena manifest?

## New particles:

resonant excess (bump) over Standard Model background

Number of events

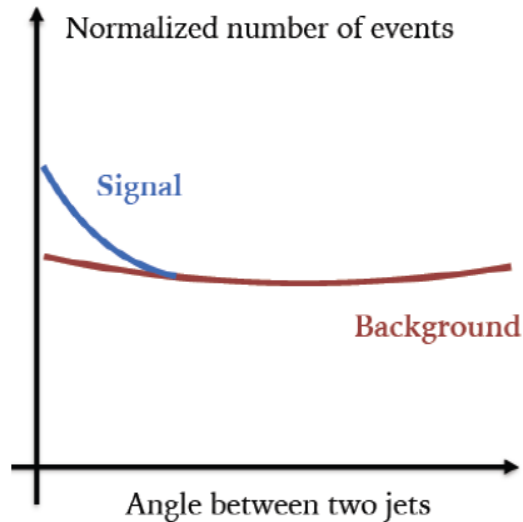


Mass of di-jet system  
(~new particle mass)

## New interactions:

more central production (~Rutherford experiment)

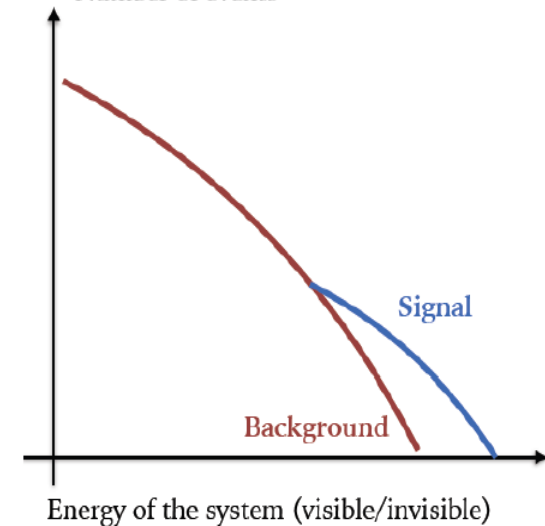
Normalized number of events



## New particles and states:

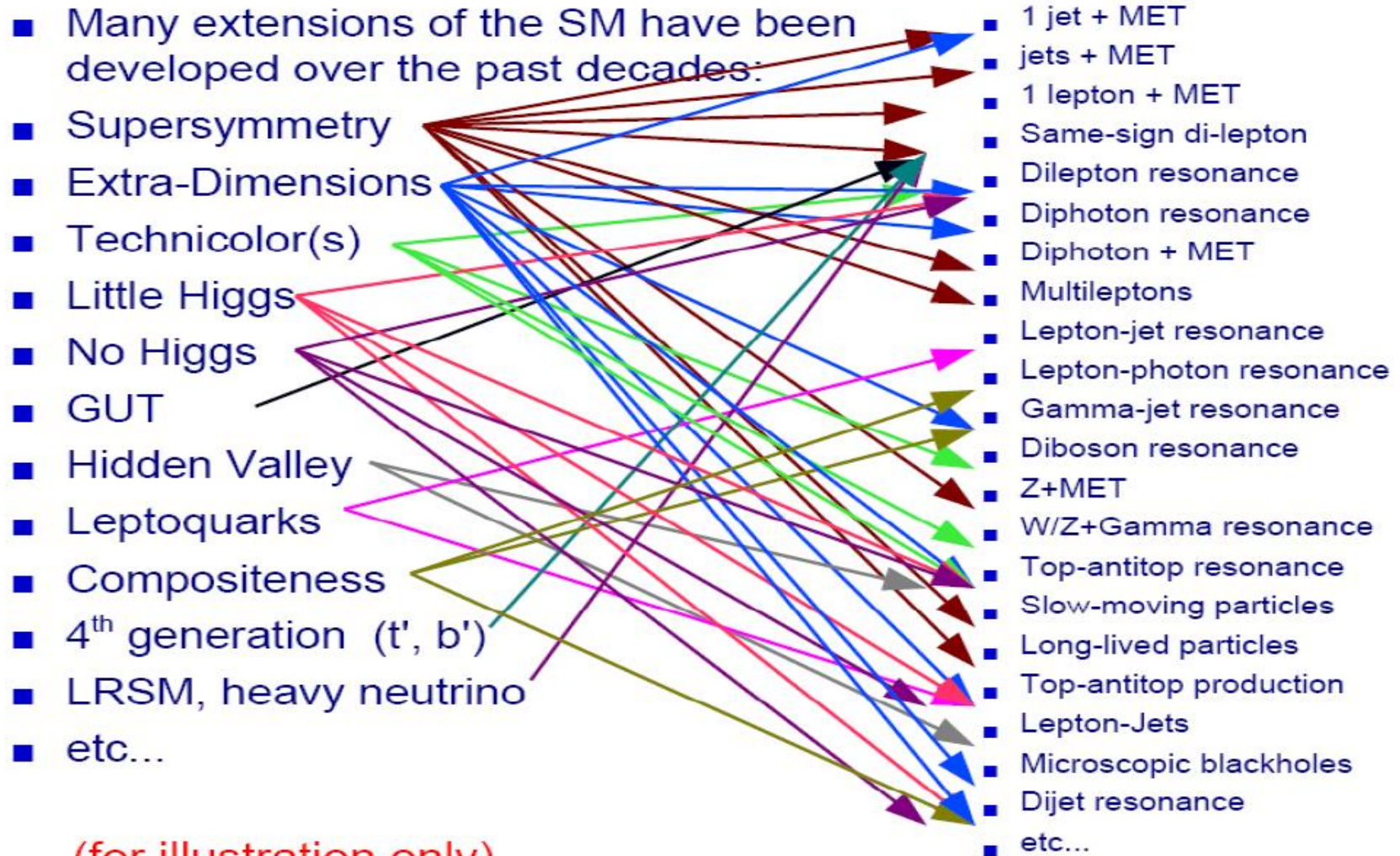
larger multiplicity of objects at high masses

Number of events

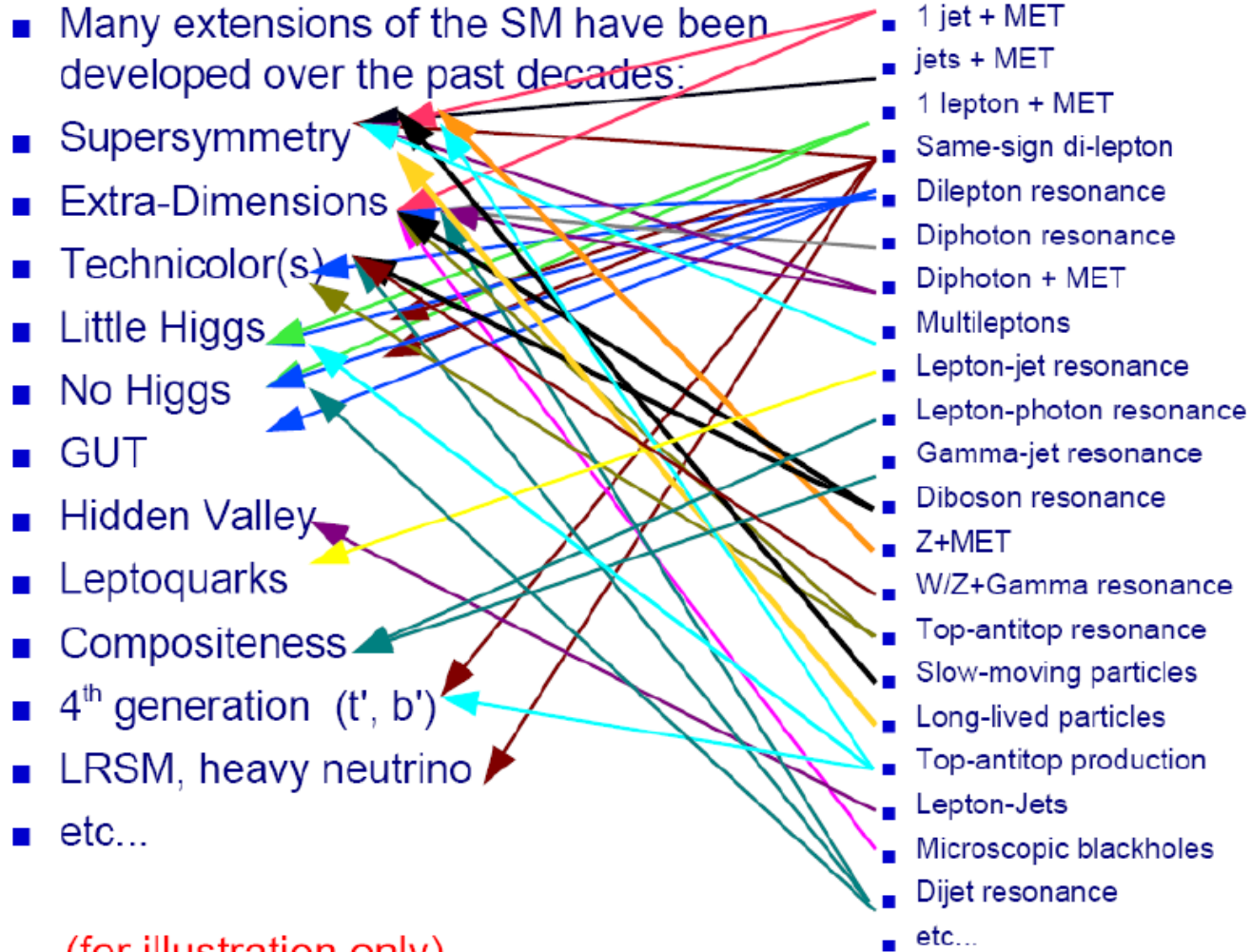




# Long list of models and signatures



# Long list of models and signatures



(for illustration only)

A complex 2D problem

Experimentally, a **signature standpoint** makes a lot of sense:

- Practical
- Less model-dependent
- Important to cover every possible signature

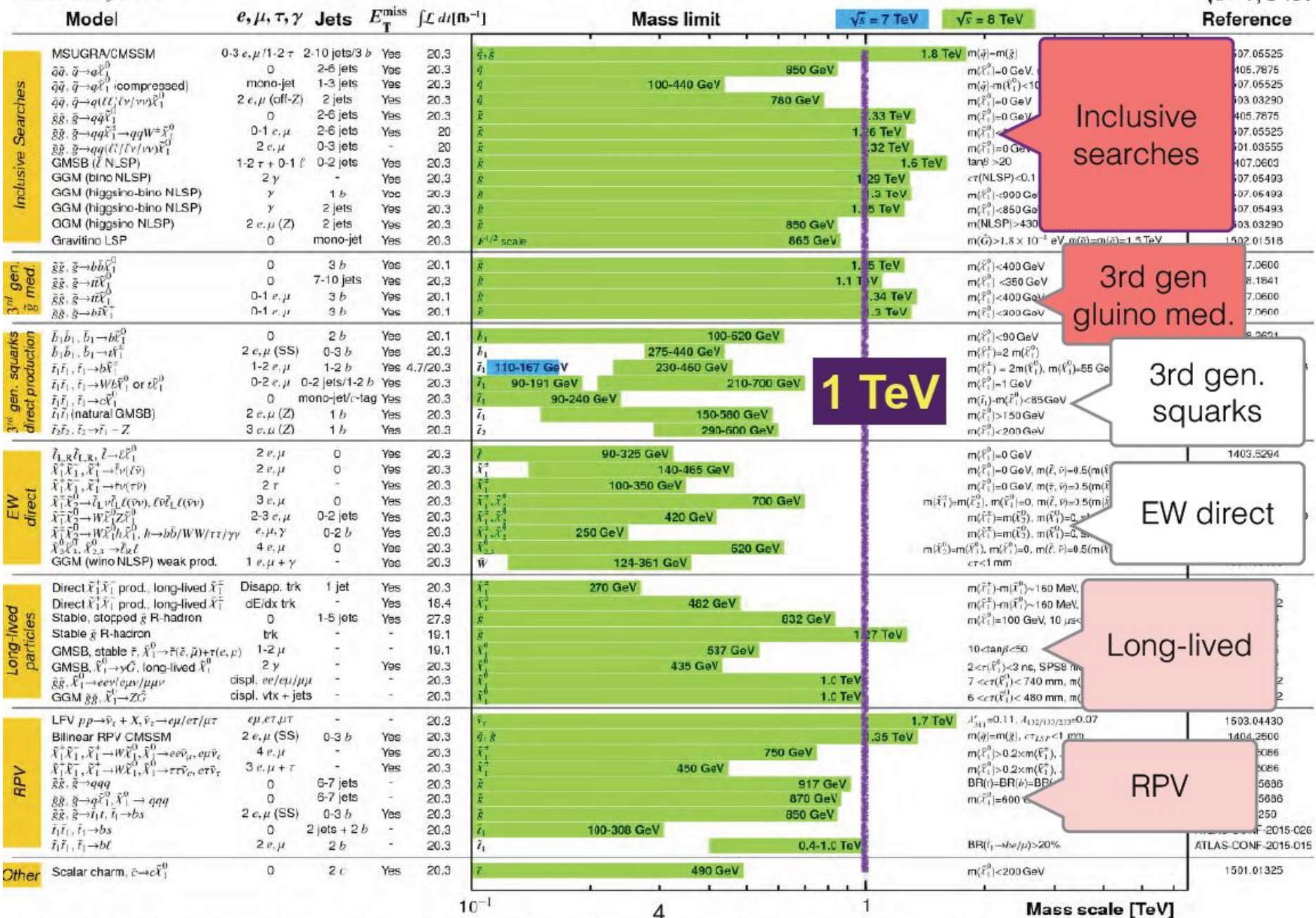


# ATLAS SUSY Searches\* - 95% CL Lower Limits

Status: July 2015

ATLAS Preliminary

$\sqrt{s} = 7, 8$  TeV



Inclusive searches

3rd gen gluino med.

3rd gen. squarks

EW direct

Long-lived

RPV

1 TeV

Mass scale [TeV]

4



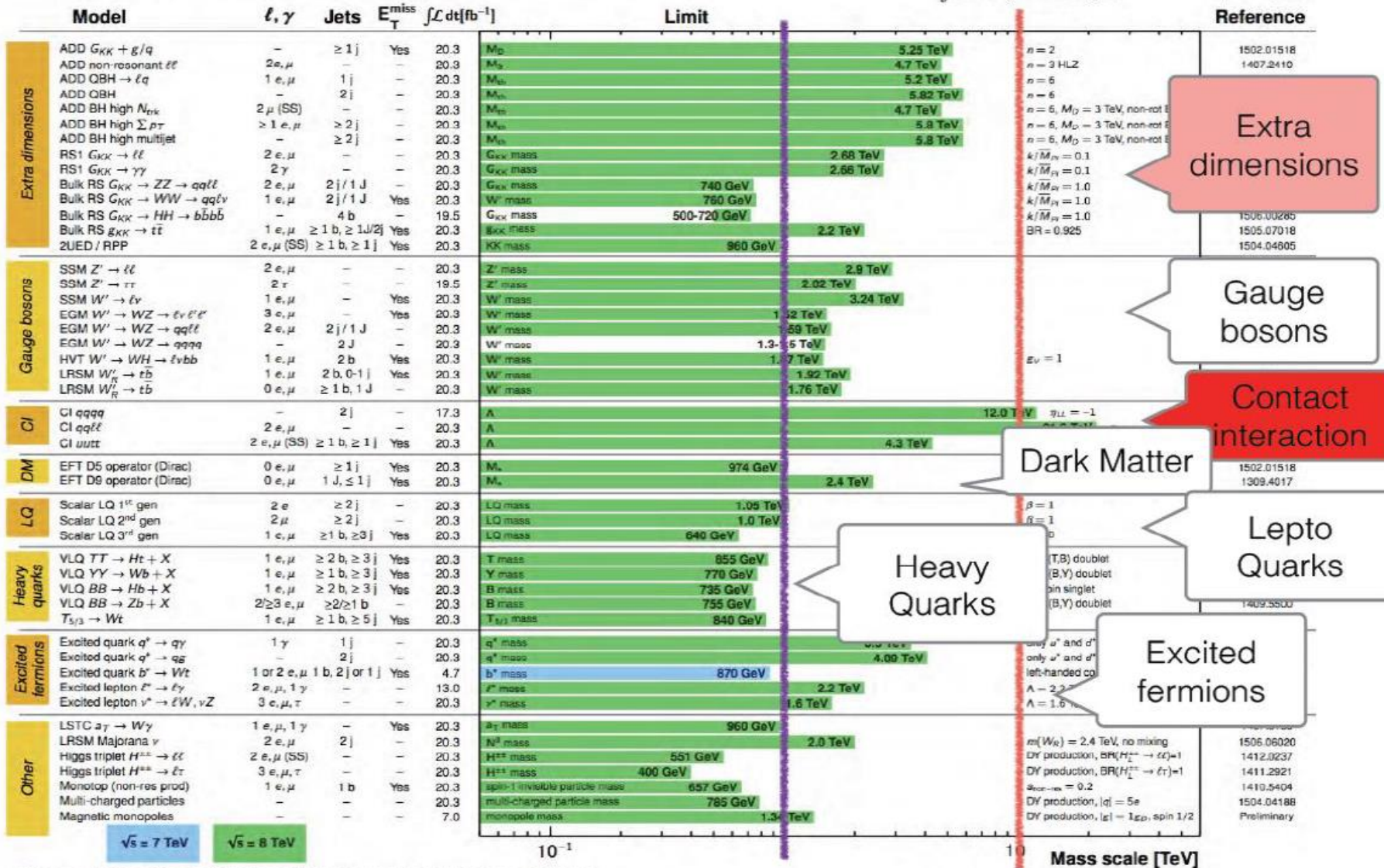
# ATLAS Exotics Searches\* - 95% CL Exclusion

Status: July 2015

ATLAS Preliminary

$$\int \mathcal{L} dt = (4.7 - 20.3) \text{ fb}^{-1}$$

$$\sqrt{s} = 7, 8 \text{ TeV}$$



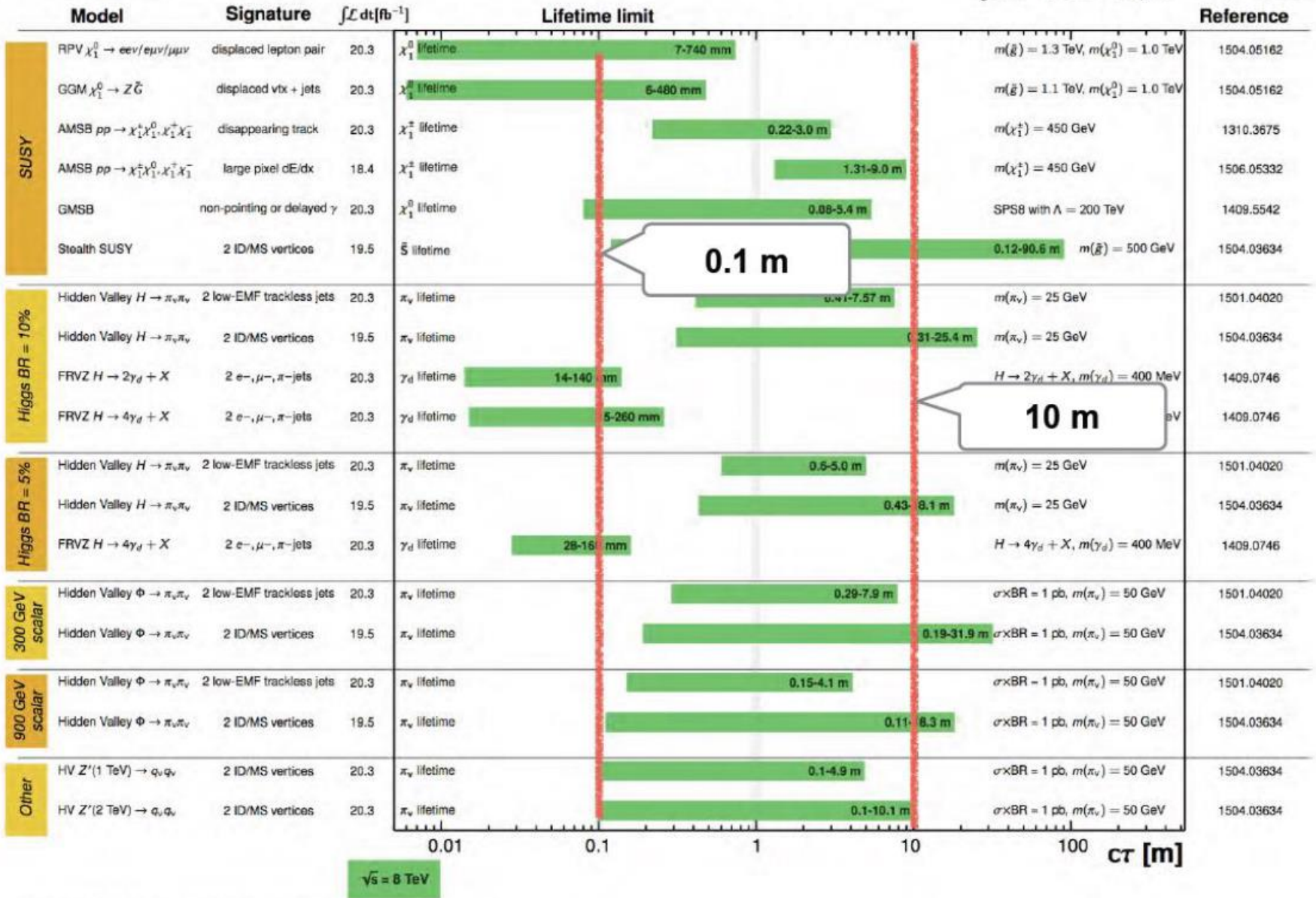
\*Only a selection of the available mass limits on new states or phenomena is shown.

# ATLAS Long-lived Particle Searches\* - 95% CL Exclusion

Status: July 2015

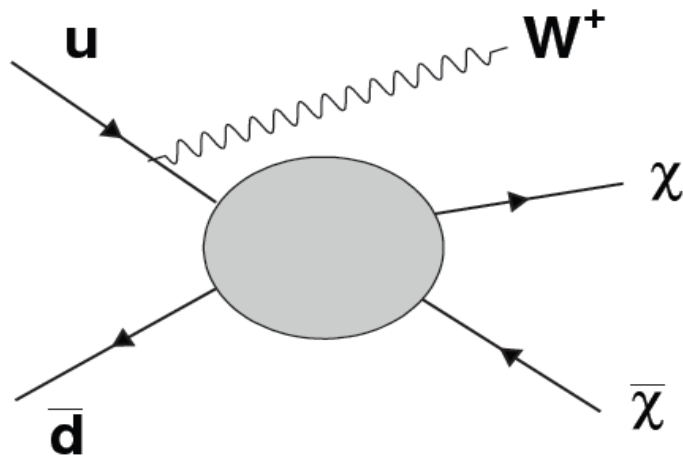
ATLAS Preliminary

$$\int \mathcal{L} dt = (18.4 - 20.3) \text{ fb}^{-1} \quad \sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$$

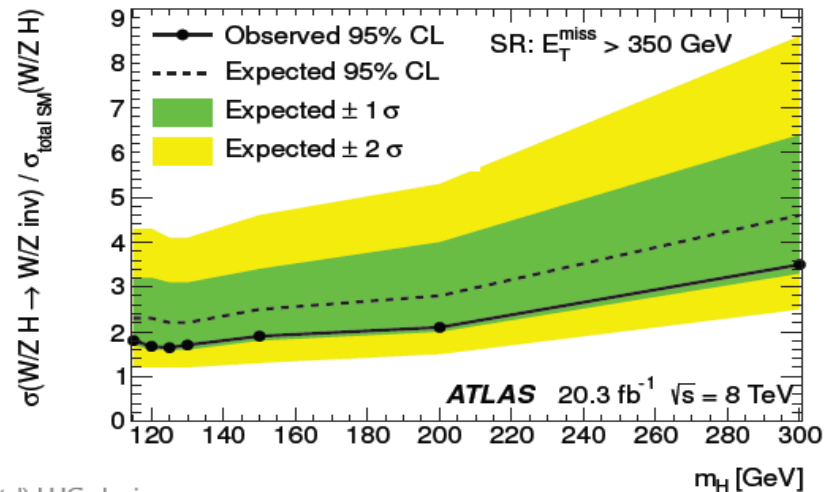
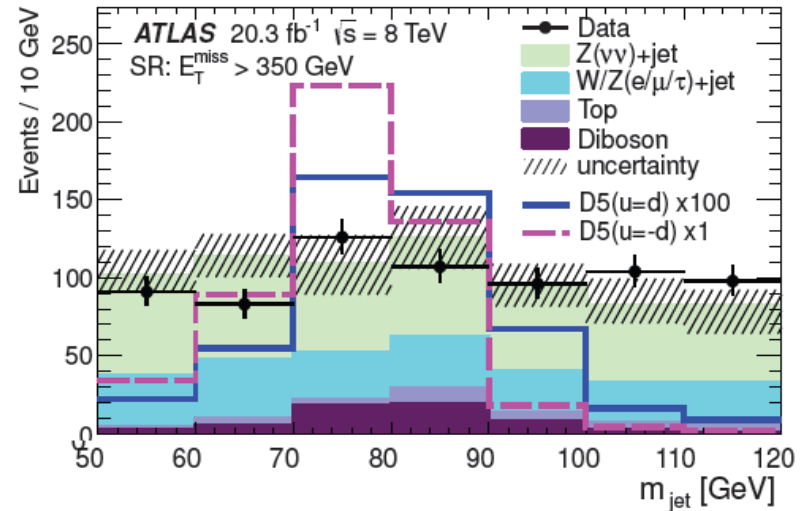


\*Only a selection of the available lifetime limits on new states is shown.

# ATLAS dark matter search



- Pair production of WIMPs plus W or Z bosons decaying and reconstructed as a single massive jet in association with large missing transverse momentum from the undetected WIMPS particles
- The interaction is unknown...
  - ✓ But this doesn't stop the search!

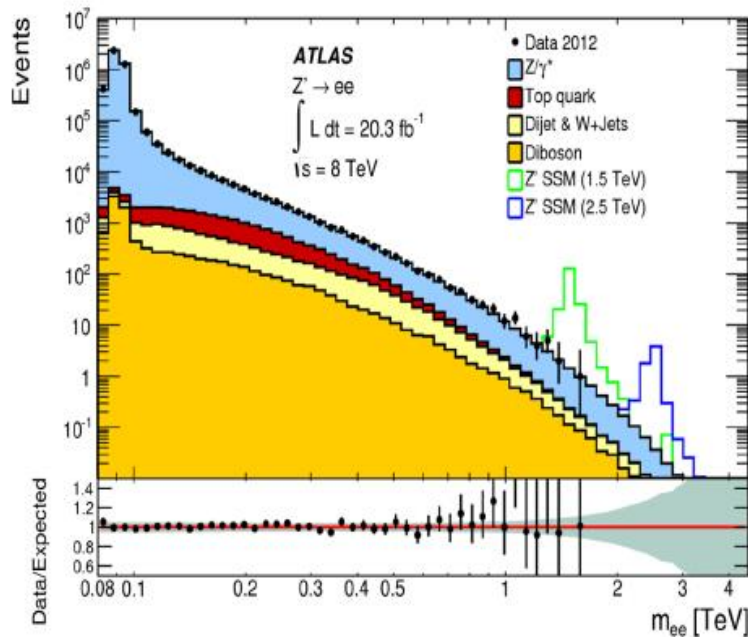




# New heavy W and Z like particles

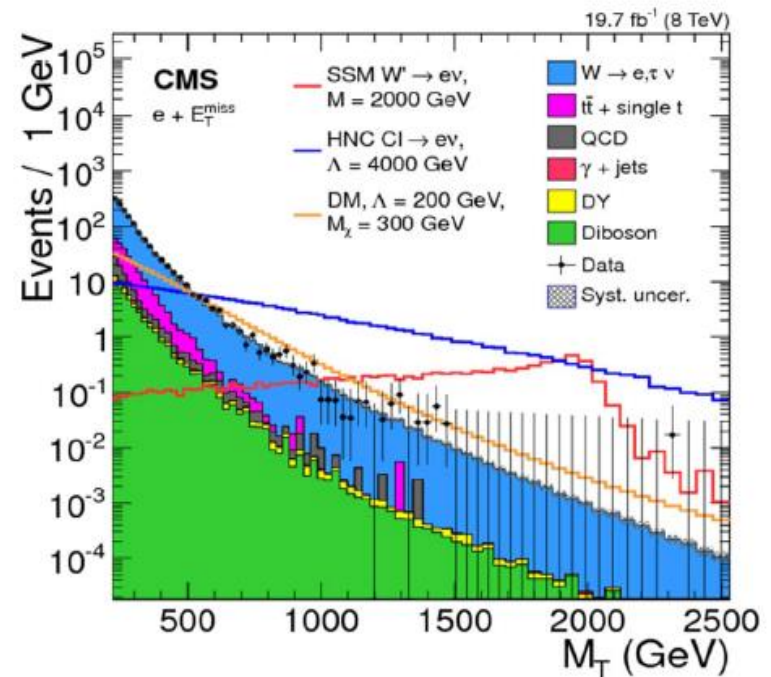
These searches are quite straight-forward, following basically the same analyses as for the familiar W and Z bosons

## Z': Di-lepton pairs



Phys. Rev. D 90 (2014) 052005

## W': Lepton + ETmiss

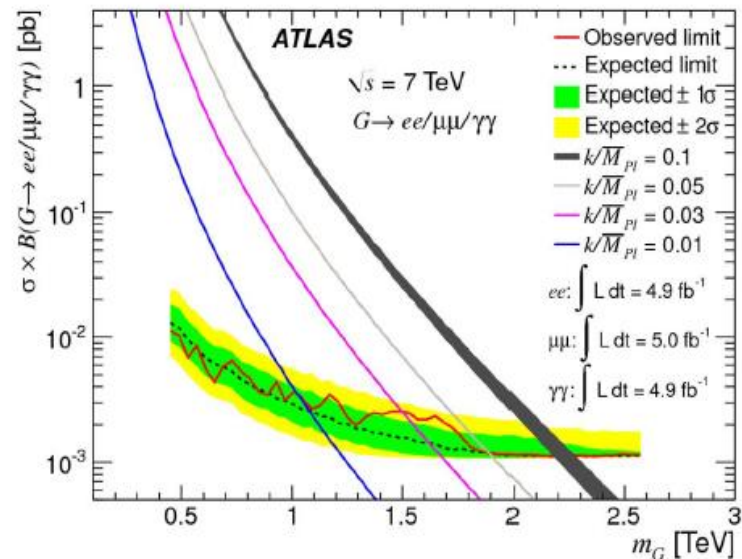
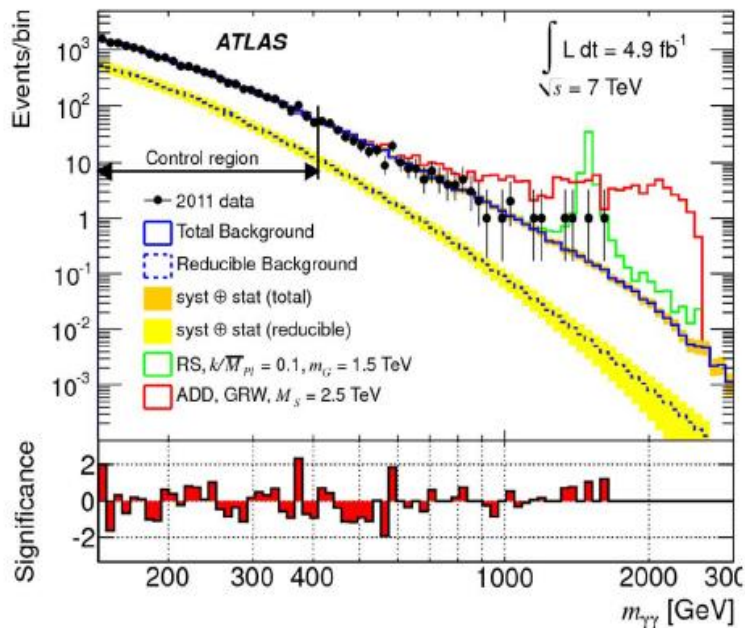
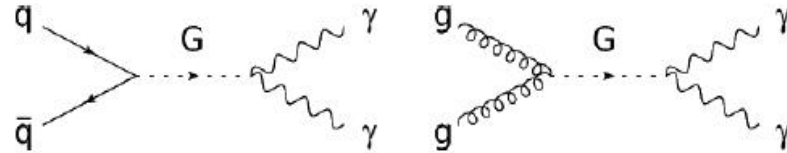


arXiv:1408.2745v1[hep-ex] sub. to Phys. Rev. D



# New particles decaying into two photons

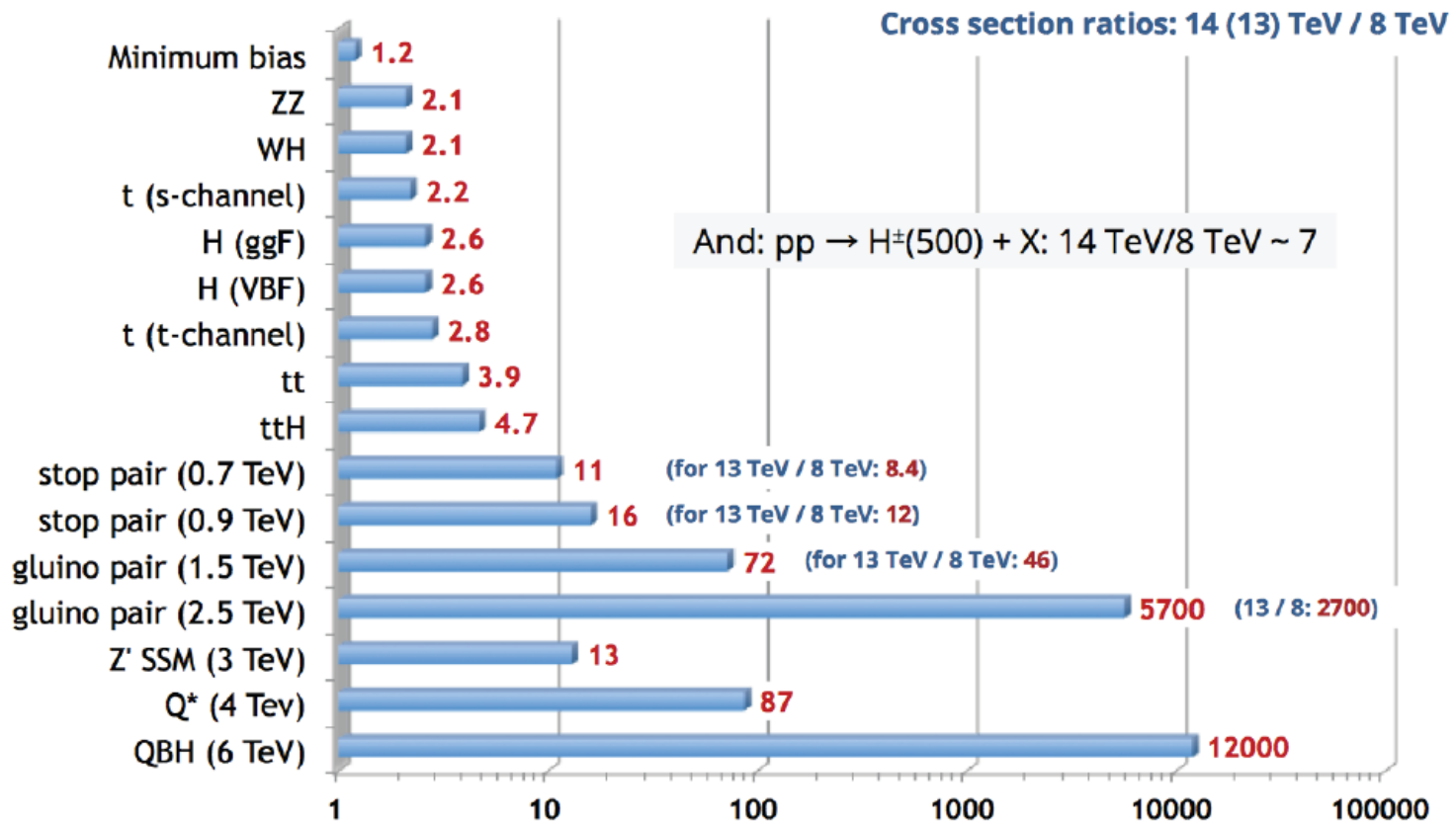
Example for a search of extra dimension signals (Kaluza-Klein Graviton in the Randall-Sundrum and Arkani-Hamed, Dimopoulos and Dvali models)



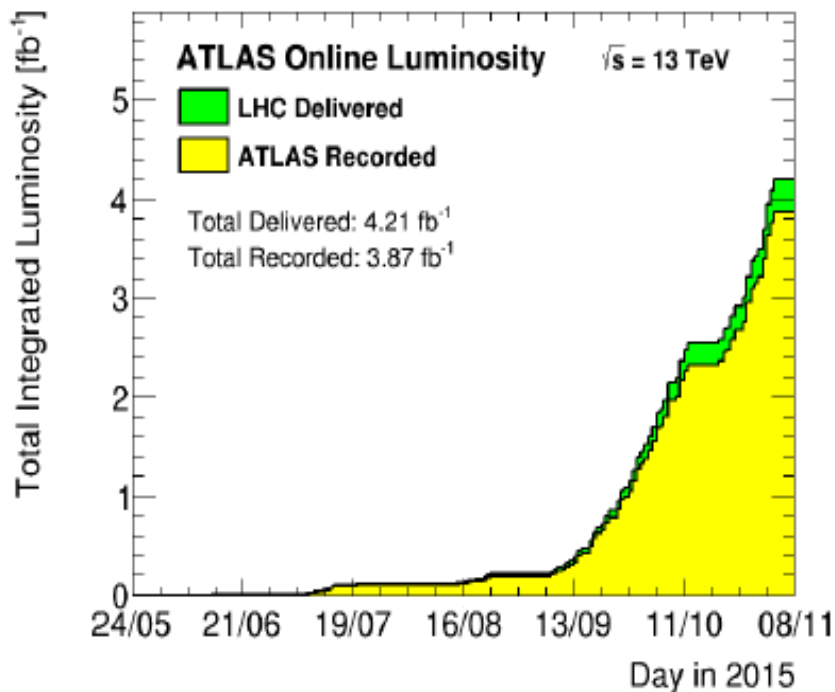
New J Phys 15 (2013) 043007

# LHC Run 2

Hugely increased potential for discovery of heavy particles at 13 TeV  
Perfect occasion for young motivated physicists: join the search!



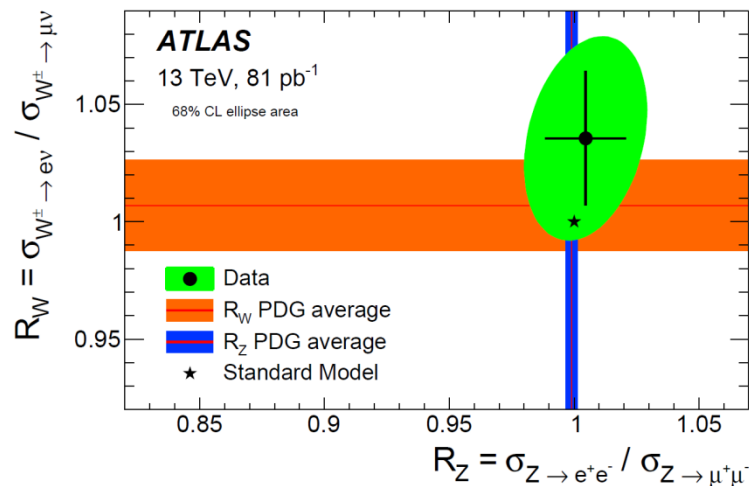
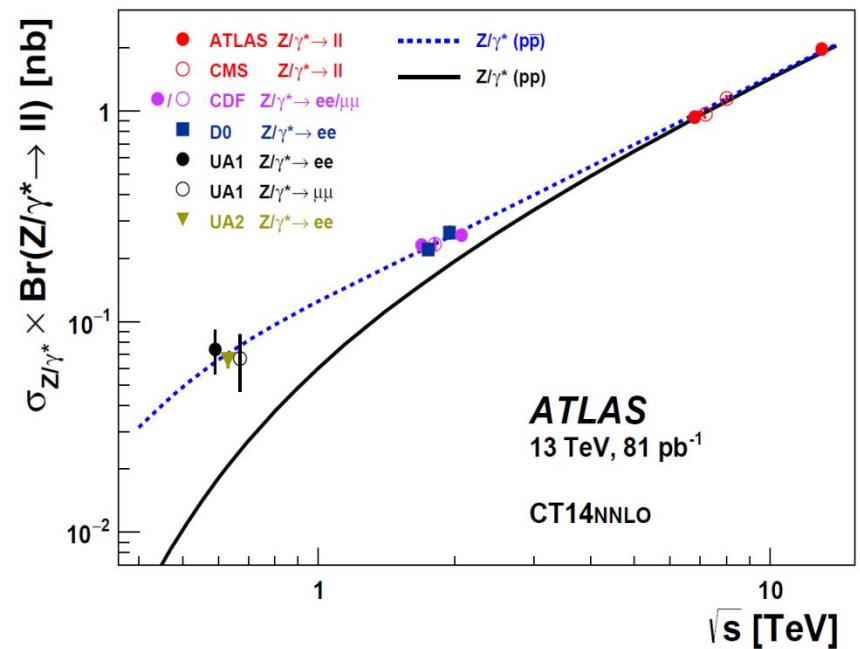
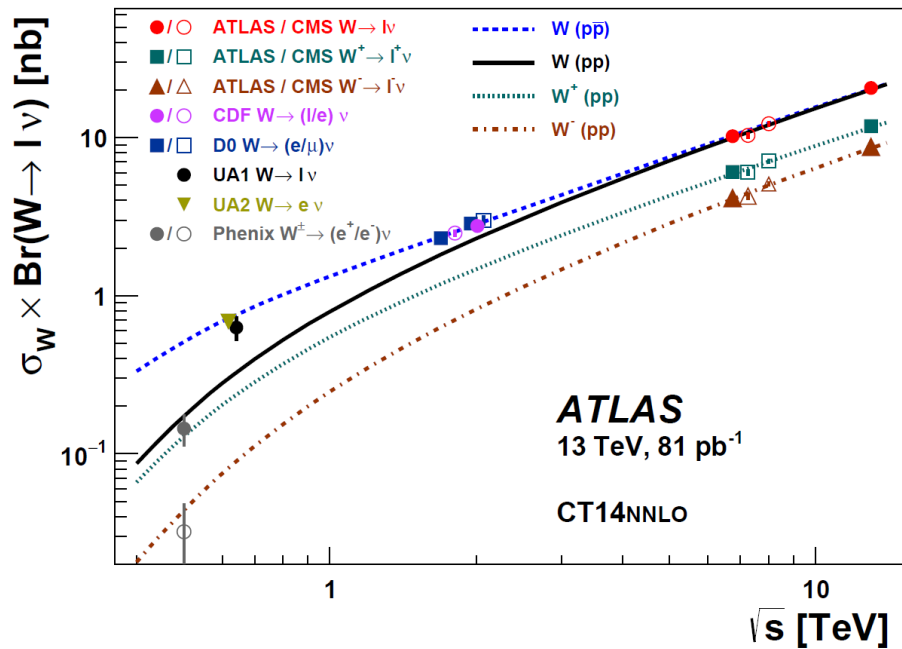
# Summarizing 2015 for ATLAS



- important to understand background control regions
- but also essential to keep “eyes wide open” for possible signals



# W, Z cross-section at 13 TeV





# Glimpse at the Higgs in the discovery channels

Mass taken to be ATLAS-CMS Combined value (*PRL 114, 191803*):  $m_H = 125.09 \pm 0.24 \text{ GeV}$

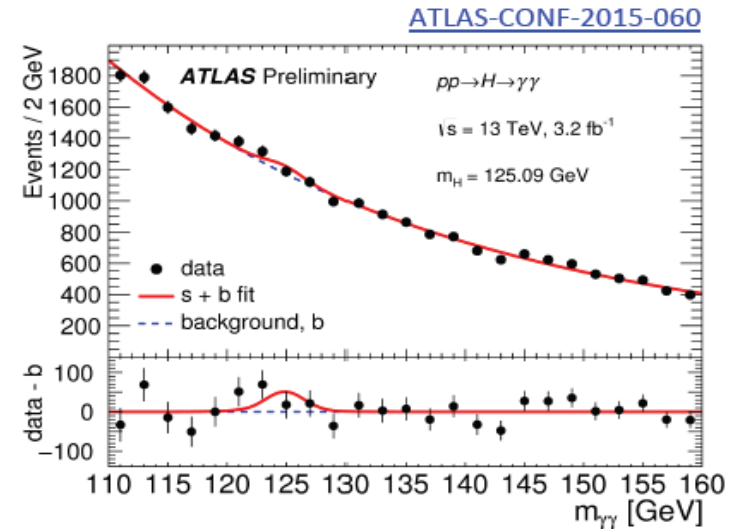
## Diphoton Channel

### Fully inclusive analysis

- Photon ET thresholds:  $0.25 m_{\gamma\gamma}$  and  $0.35 m_{\gamma\gamma}$
- Track and Calorimeter based isolation criteria
- Simple fit function for background estimate
- **Number of candidate events fitted:**

$113 \pm 74 \text{ (stat)} + 43/-25 \text{ (syst)}$

Sensitivity to SM Higgs:  $1.9\sigma$  (Observed  $1.5\sigma$ )



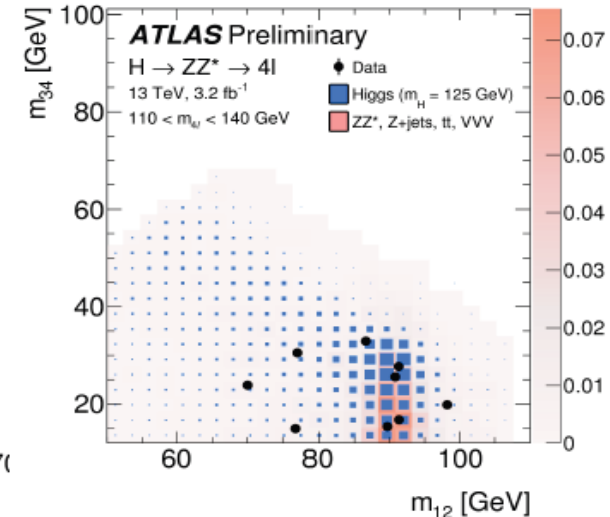
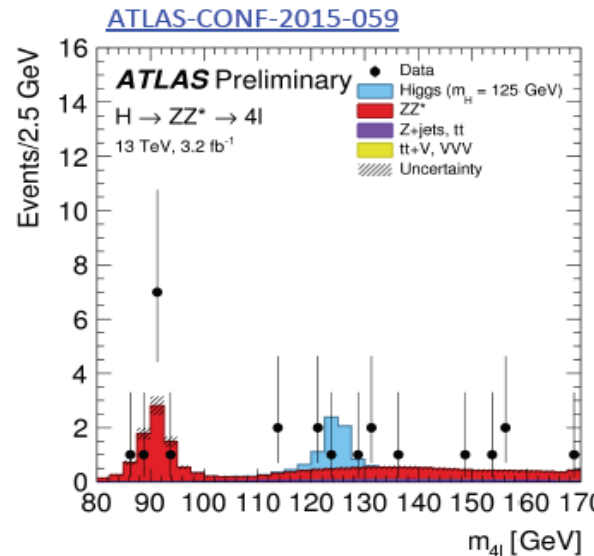
## Four lepton Channel

### Fully Inclusive analysis

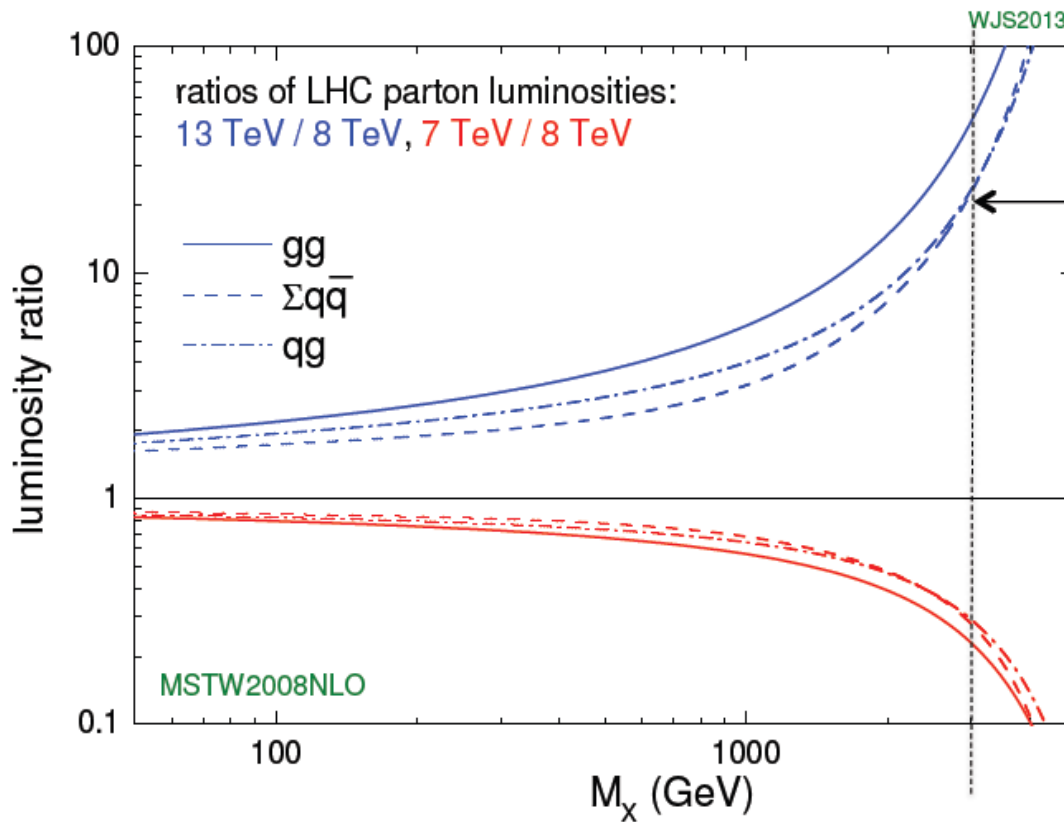
- Electron  $p_T$  thresholds: 6, 10, 15, 20 GeV
- Muon  $p_T$  thresholds: 7, 10, 15, 20 GeV
- Irreducible background (ZZ) from MC
- Reducible from CRs (from Isolation and IP)
- **Nb of candidates in [120,130] GeV: 4**
- **From fit:**

$1.0 + 2.3/-1.5$

Sensitivity to SM Higgs:  $2.8\sigma$   
 (Observed  $0.7\sigma$ )



# Early searches for New Phenomena



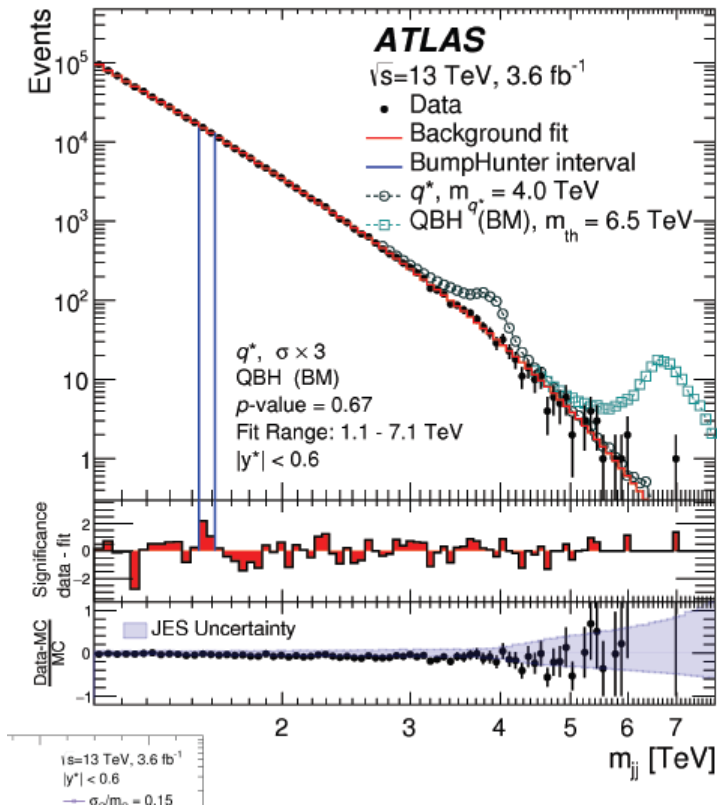
Ratio of 13 TeV / 8 TeV  
 Cross sections:

- $Z'$  at 3 TeV: **20**
- $q^*$  at 4 TeV: **56**
- QBH at 5 TeV: **370**
- QBH at 6 TeV: **9000**

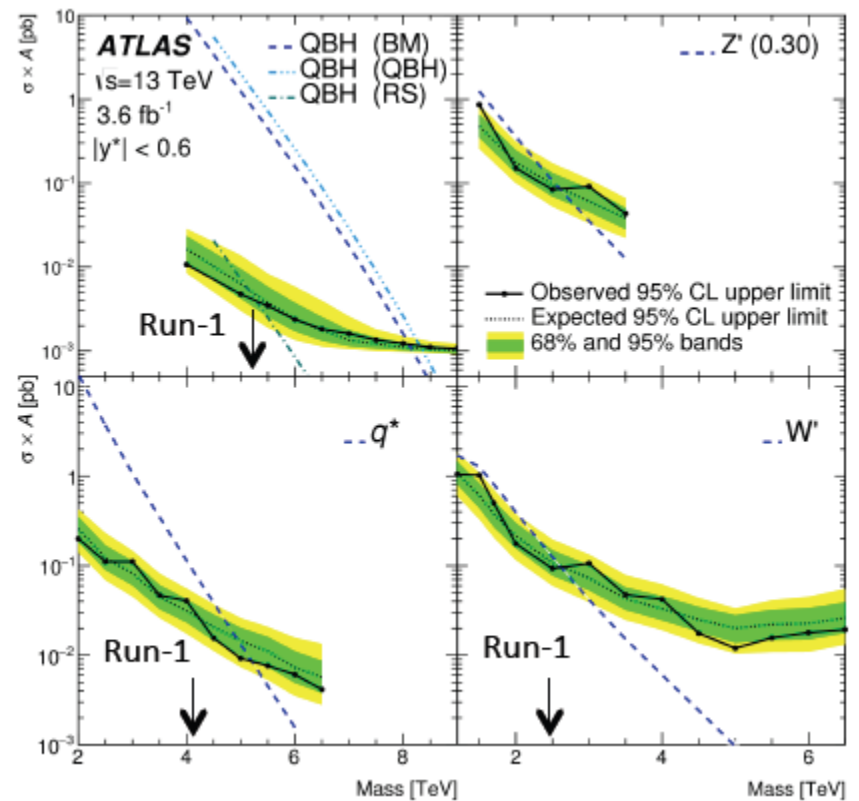
# Dijet Resonant Searches

1512.01530

- Sensitive to Quantum Black Holes, Excited quarks,  $W'$ ,  $Z'$



No significant excess found



Limits on QBH reaching 8 TeV

Mass of this event: 7.7 Tera-electron volt

 **ATLAS**  
EXPERIMENT  
<http://atlas.ch>

Run: 280673  
Event: 1273922482  
2015-09-29 15:32:53 CEST

*Di-Jet Event*

*Highest Mass Central Dijet*

$pT_1 = pT_2 = 3.2 \text{ TeV}$

$m_{JJ} = 6.9 \text{ TeV}$

$MET = 46 \text{ GeV}$



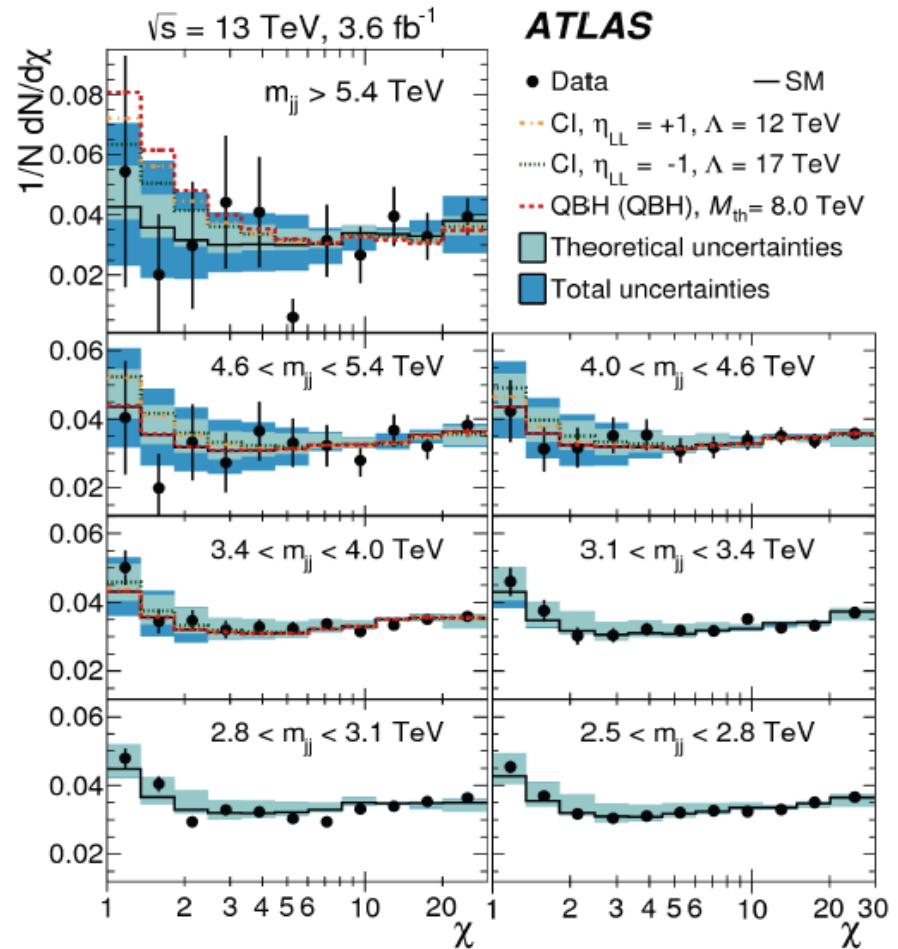
# Dijet Angular Searches

Search in dijet mass bins using angular distribution

$$\chi = e^{2|y^*|} \sim \frac{1 + \cos\theta^*}{1 - \cos\theta^*}$$

[1512.01530](#)

**Search for distortions of the dijet angular distribution** from Contact Interactions of particles at much higher masses  $O(\Lambda)$  with color-singlet left-handed chiral couplings (in 4-fermion effective field theory)



No deviations observed, limits set at 12 TeV on  $\Lambda$  (for  $\eta_{LL} = 1$ )

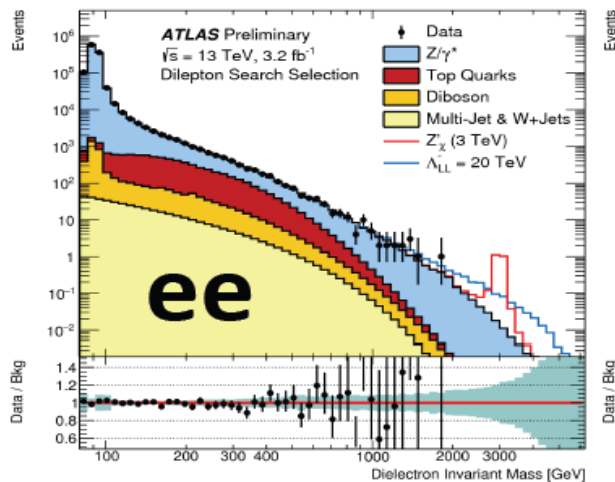
# Dilepton Resonances (LFC and LFV)

## Search for $Z'$ in dilepton (LFC) and (LFV) (in $e\mu$ decays)

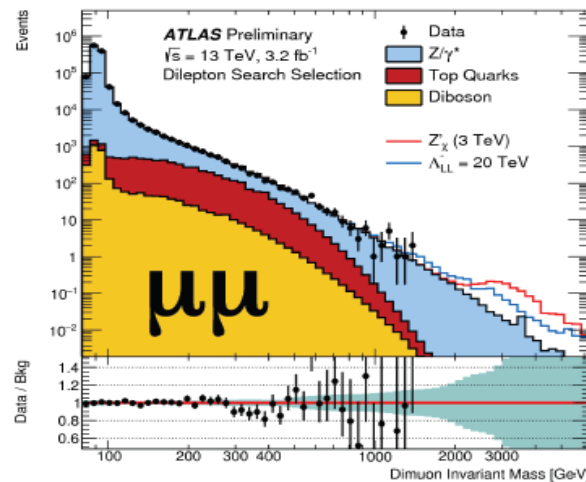
[ATLAS-CONF-2015-070](#)

[ATLAS-CONF-2015-072](#)

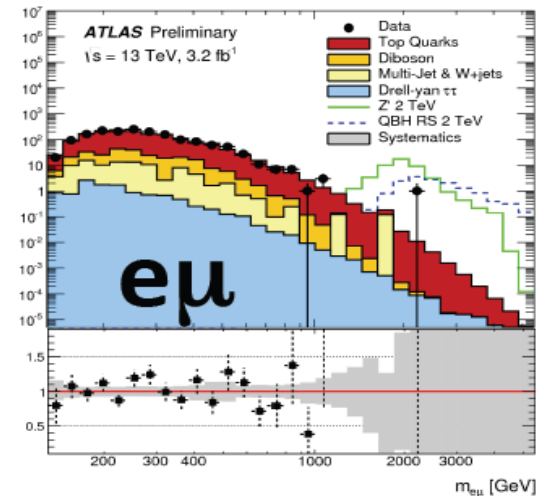
- Main background DY is taken from MC
- Top and diboson extrapolated at very high masses using a functional form
- Background from MC except for MJ in dielectron uses Matrix method (based on electron ID)



Highest di-electron mass event at 1.8 TeV



Highest di-muon mass event at 1.4 TeV



Highest  $e\mu$  mass event at 2.1 TeV

No Excess found !

95% CL Limit on SSM  $Z'$  at 3.4 TeV (2.9 TeV from Run-1)

95% CL Limit on SSM LFV  $Z'$  at 3.0 TeV (2.5 TeV from Run-1)



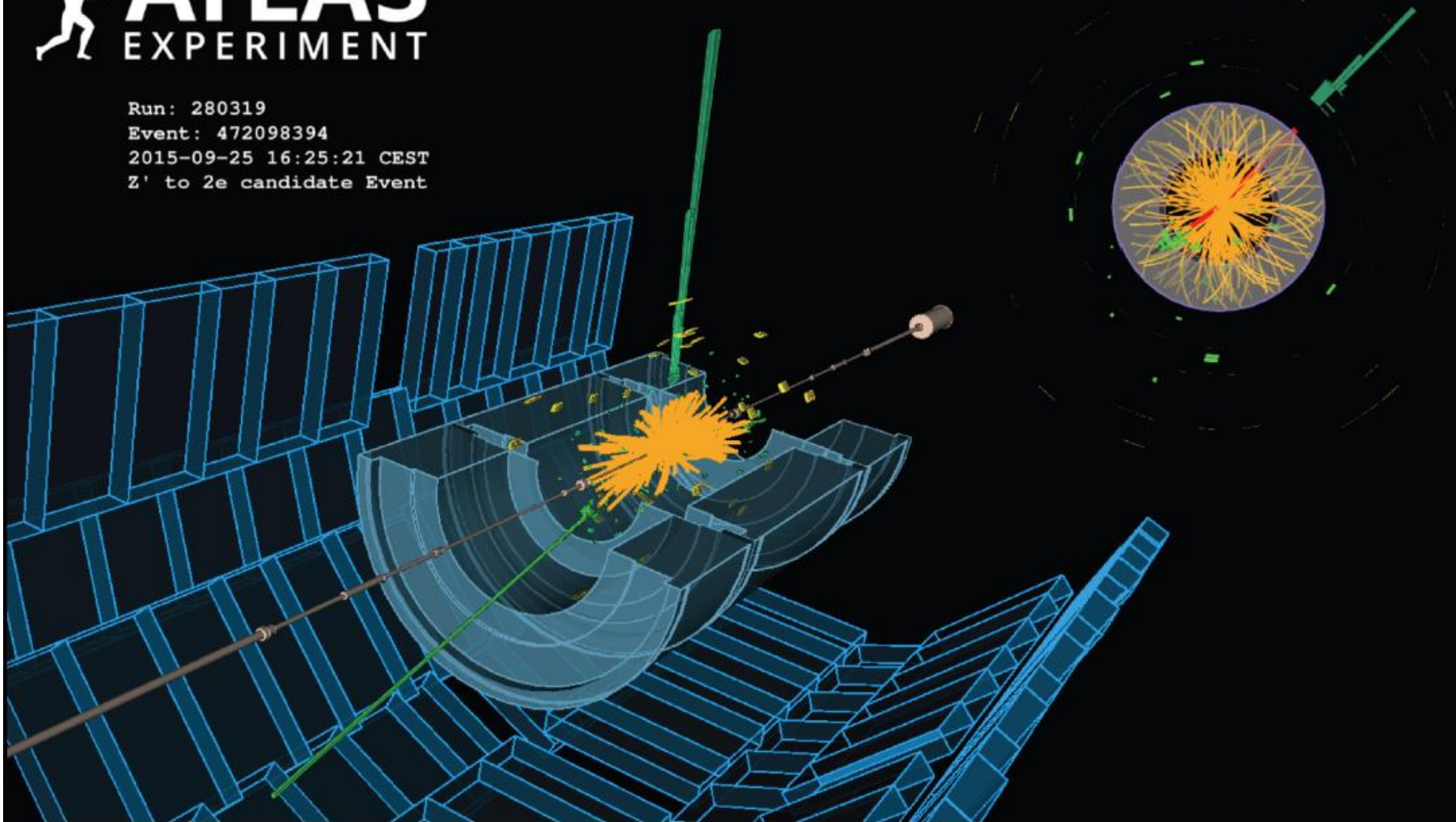
Run: 280319  
Event: 472098394  
2015-09-25 16:25:21 CEST  
Z' to 2e candidate Event

# Di-Electron Event

High Mass Dielectron

$ET_1 = 370 \text{ GeV}$   $ET_2 = 246 \text{ GeV}$

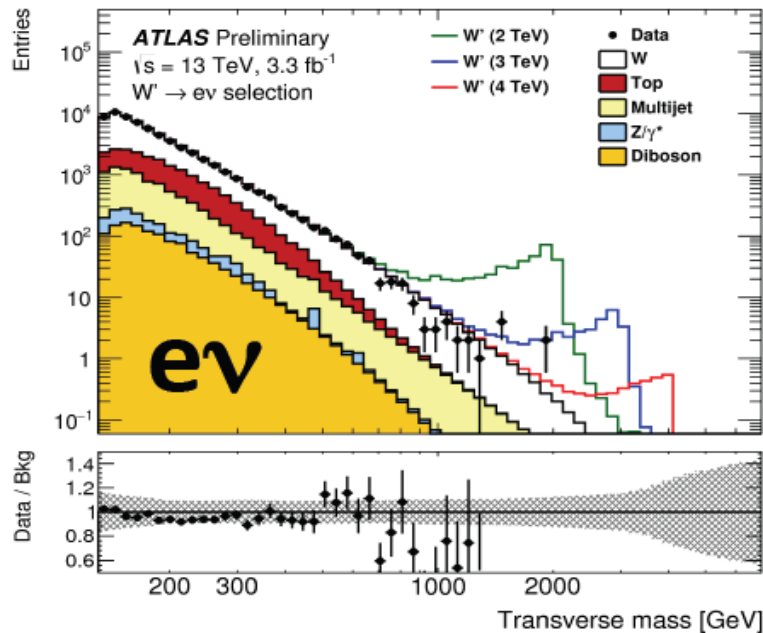
$m_{ee} = 1.8 \text{ TeV}$



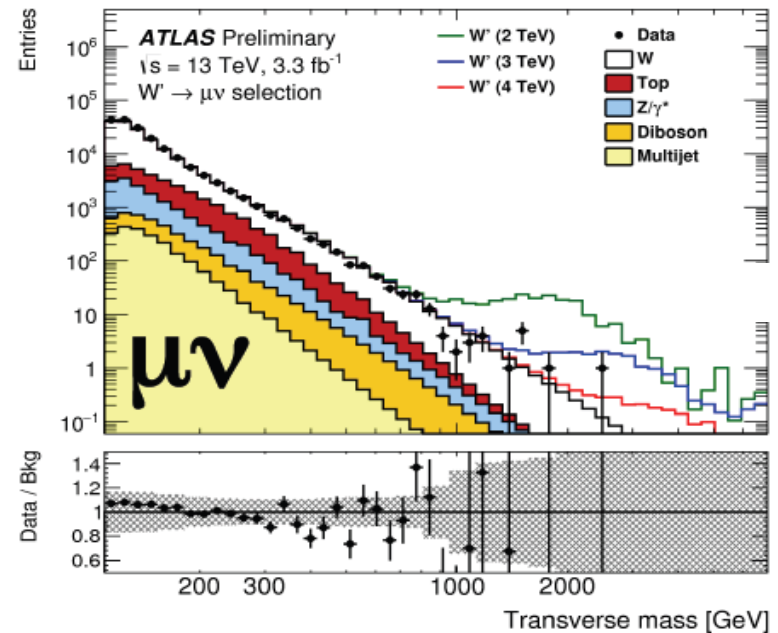
# Search for Resonant Lepton-MET

- Search for  $W'$  in lepton-MET final states

[ATLAS-CONF-2015-063](#)



Highest electron-MET  
mass event at 1.95 TeV



Highest muon-MET mass  
event at 2.2 TeV

No Excess found !

95%CL Limit on SSM  $W'$  at 4.1 TeV (3.2 TeV at Run-1)

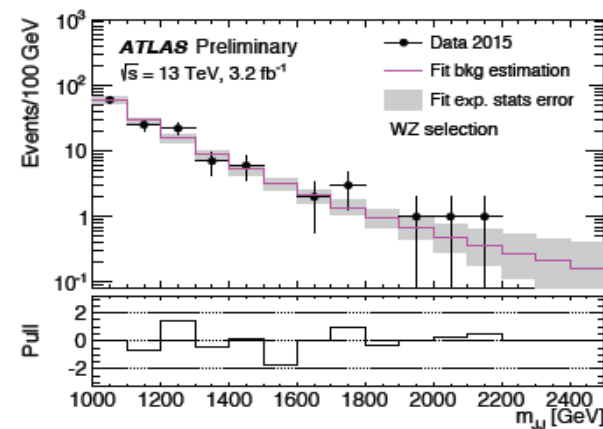
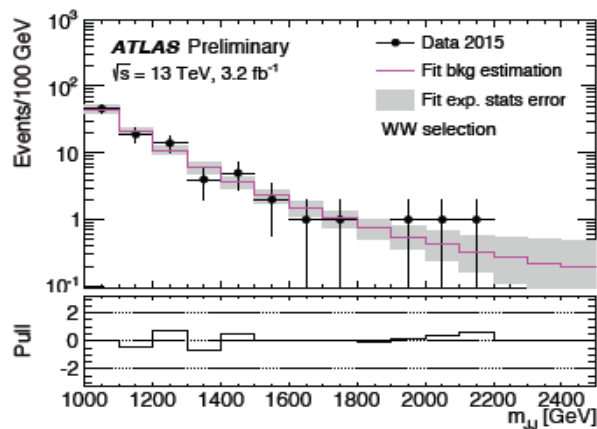
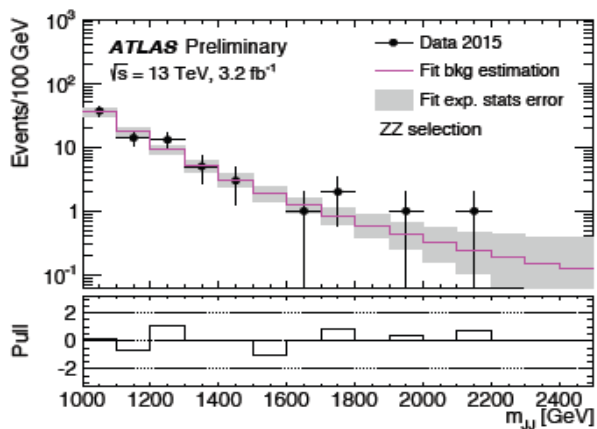
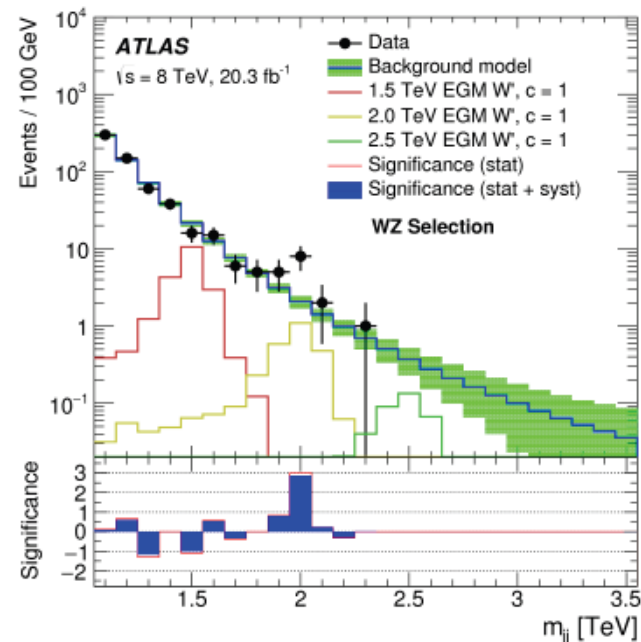


# Fully hadronic JJ Diboson Searches

ATLAS-CONF-2015-073

- **Modest excess at Run-1:  $3.4\sigma$  local /  $2.5\sigma$  global**
- **Analysis very similar to Run 1, with functional fit of the background**
- **No significant excess is observed**  
however sensitivity not high enough for conclusive probe of the Run 1 excess

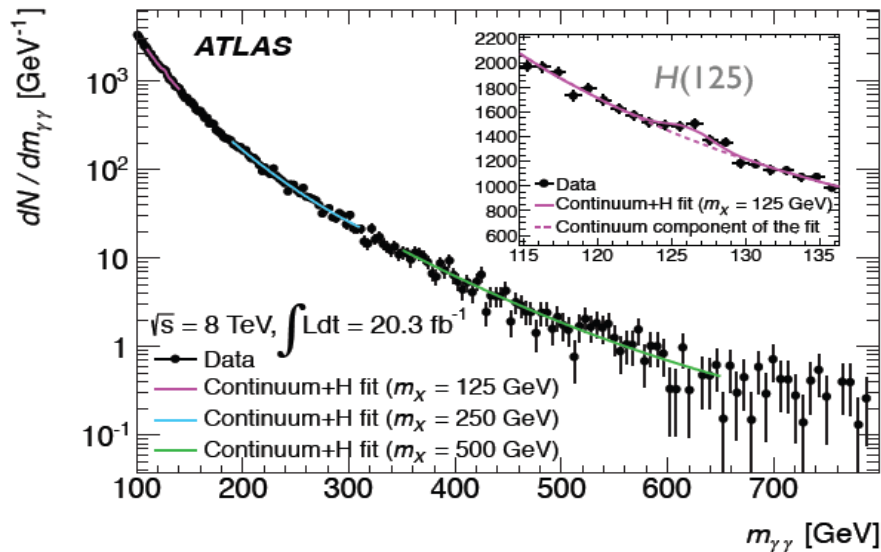
Run-1



# Search for Two Photons Resonance latest Run I results

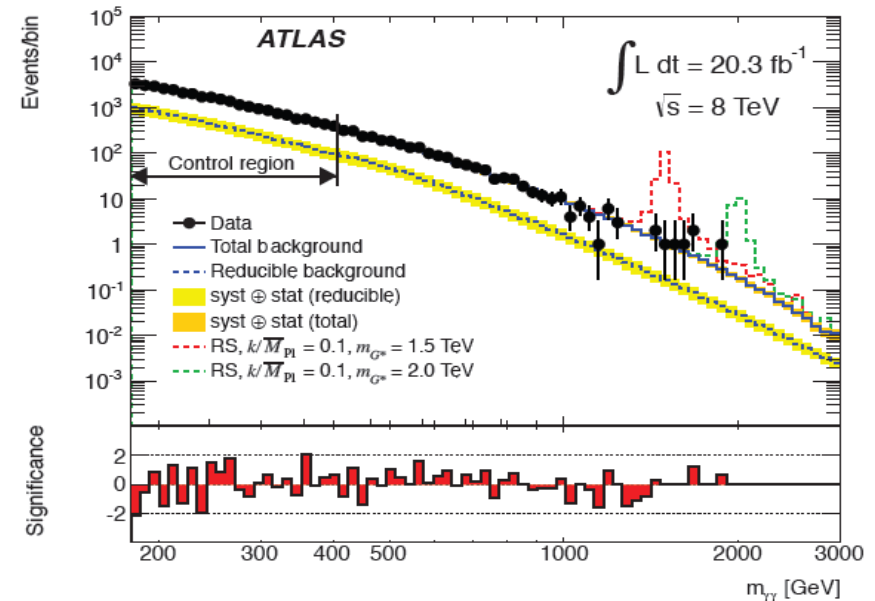
**Search for scalar diphoton resonances  
in the mass range 65-600 GeV  
with the ATLAS detector  
in pp collision data at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV**

Phys. Rev. Lett. 113, 171801



**Search for high-mass diphoton resonances  
in pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV  
with the ATLAS detector**

Phys. Rev. D 92, 032004 (2015)

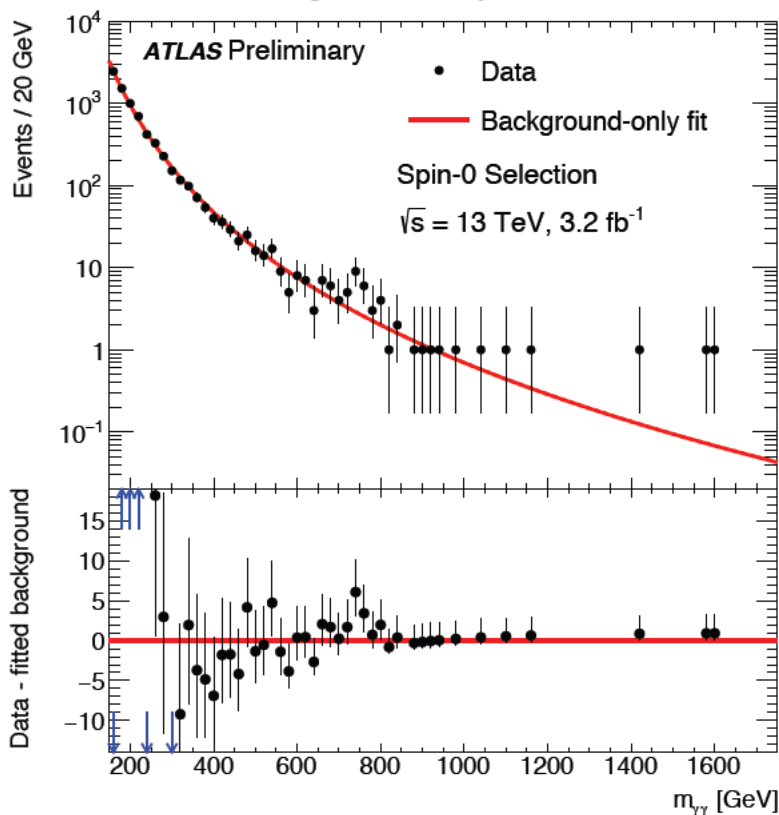


# Search for Two Photons Resonance

## latest Run II results

### SPIN-0 ANALYSIS

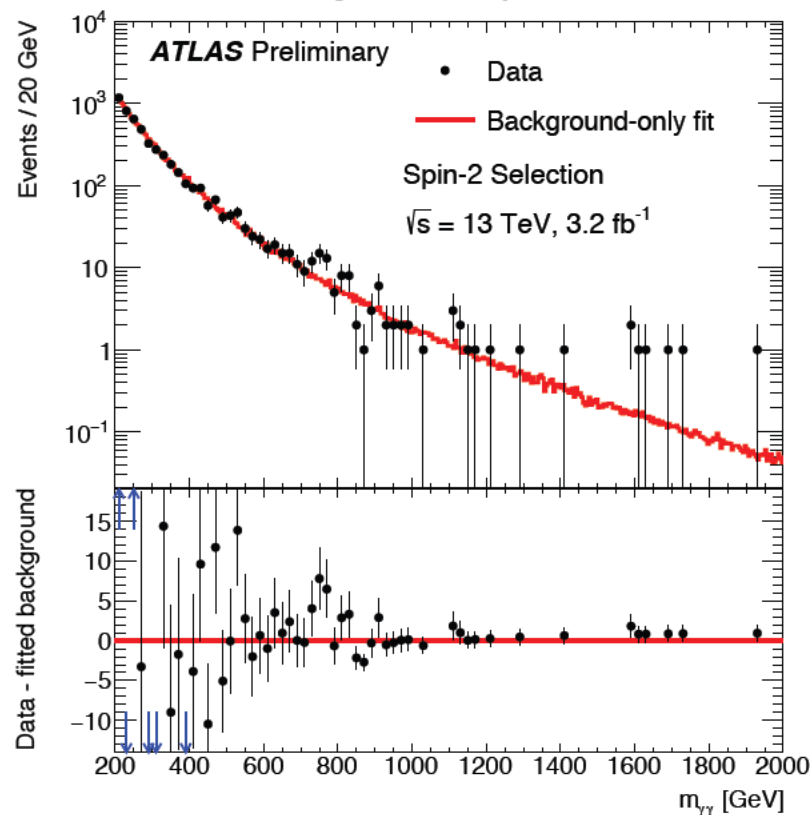
*background-only fit*



2878 events ( $m_{\gamma\gamma} > 200 \text{ GeV}$ )

### SPIN-2 ANALYSIS

*background-only fit*

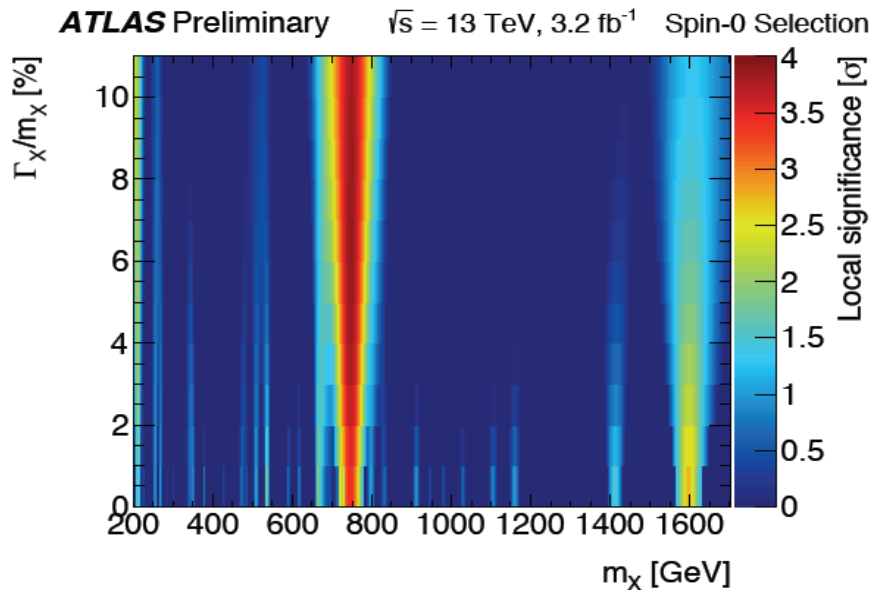


5066 events ( $m_{\gamma\gamma} > 200 \text{ GeV}$ )

# Search for Two Photons Resonance

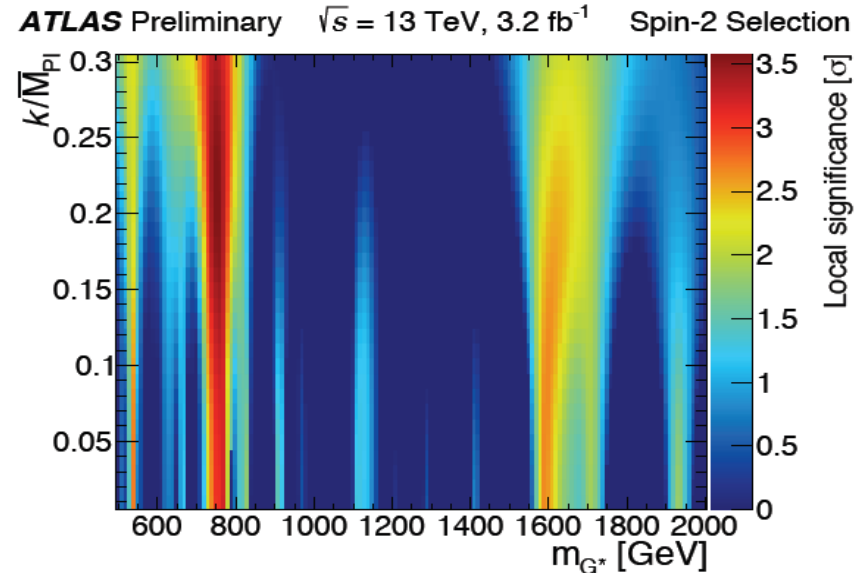
## latest Run II results

### SPIN-0 ANALYSIS



- Largest deviation from B-only hypothesis
  - ✓  $m_X \sim 750 \text{ GeV}, \Gamma_X \sim 45 \text{ GeV}$  (6%)
  - ✓ Local Z = **3.9  $\sigma$**
  - ✓ Global Z = **2.0  $\sigma$** 
    - $m_X = [200 \text{ GeV} - 2 \text{ TeV}]$
    - $\Gamma_X/m_X = [1\% - 10\%]$

### SPIN-2 ANALYSIS

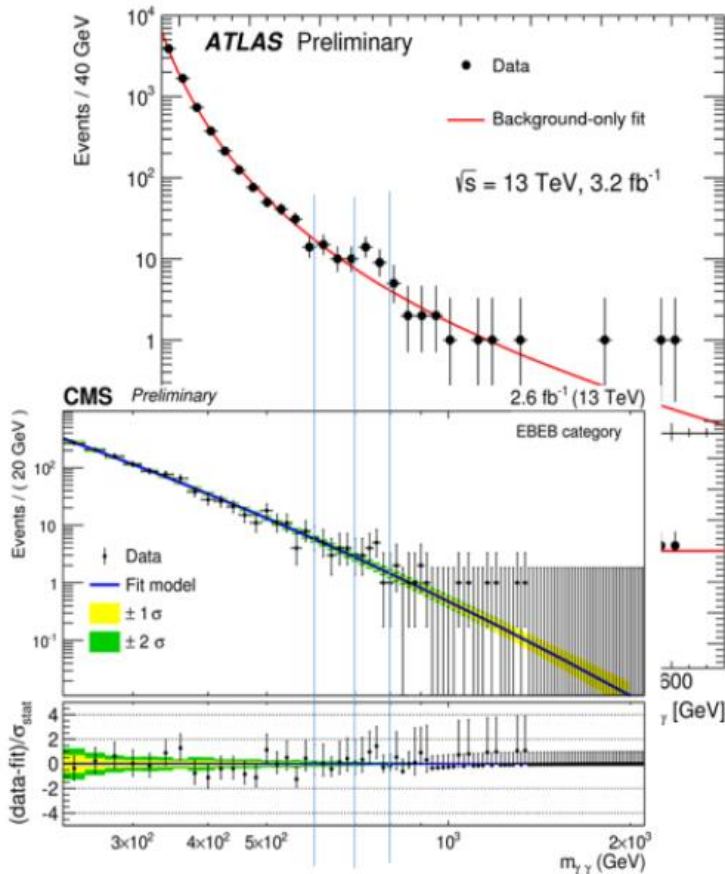


- Largest deviation from B-only hypothesis
  - ✓  $m_{G^*} \sim 750 \text{ GeV}, \kappa/M_{\text{Pl}} \sim 0.2$  ( $\Gamma_G \sim 6\% m_{G^*}$ )
  - ✓ Local Z = **3.6  $\sigma$**
  - ✓ Global Z = **1.8  $\sigma$** 
    - $m_X = [500 \text{ GeV} - 3.5 \text{ TeV}]$
    - $\kappa/M_{\text{Pl}} = [0.01 - 0.3]$



# Search for Two Photons Resonance

## latest Run II results



$\gamma\gamma$  peak around 750 GeV over flatland

$\sigma(pp \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$	CMS	ATLAS
8 TeV	$(0.5 \pm 0.6) \text{ fb}$	$(0.4 \pm 0.8) \text{ fb}$
13 TeV	$(6 \pm 3) \text{ fb}$	$(10 \pm 3) \text{ fb}$

Theoretically clean.

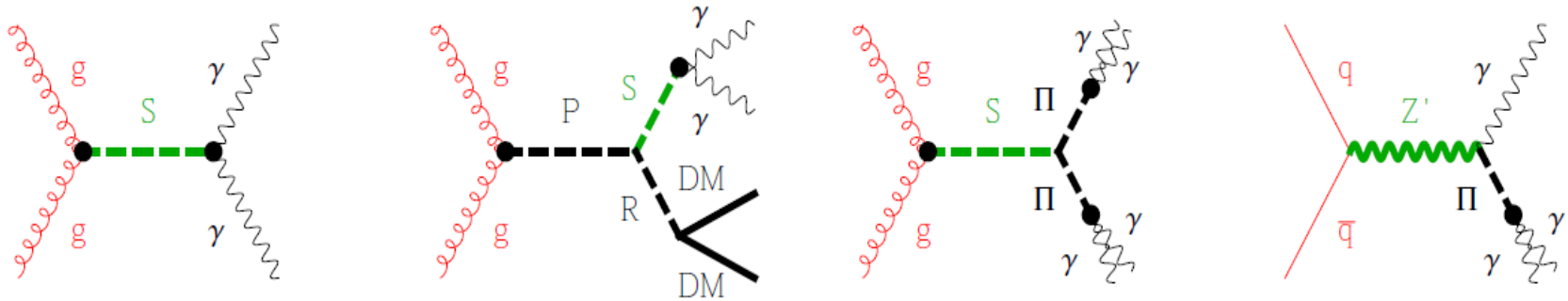
Experimentally simple.

ATLAS prefers large width  $\Gamma/M \sim 0.06$ .

CMS prefers narrow width.

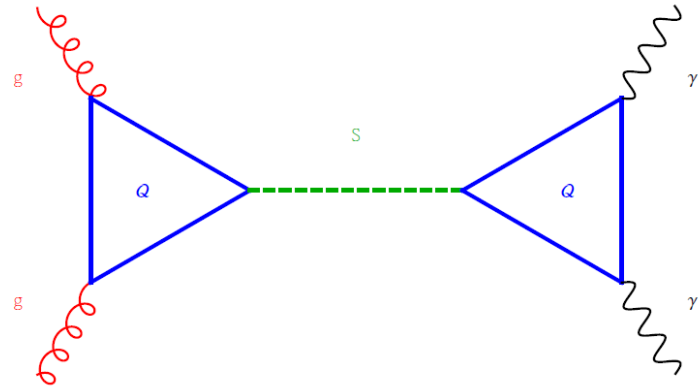
$\gamma\gamma$  not accompanied by hard extras.

# What it could be?



The Gold Rush: [INSPIRES][list]

Date	papers
16 Dec	10
25 Dec	101
1 Jan	137
1 Feb	212
1 Mar	263
1 Apr	?



**Could be also background fluctuation!  
We will know by the end of this summer.**

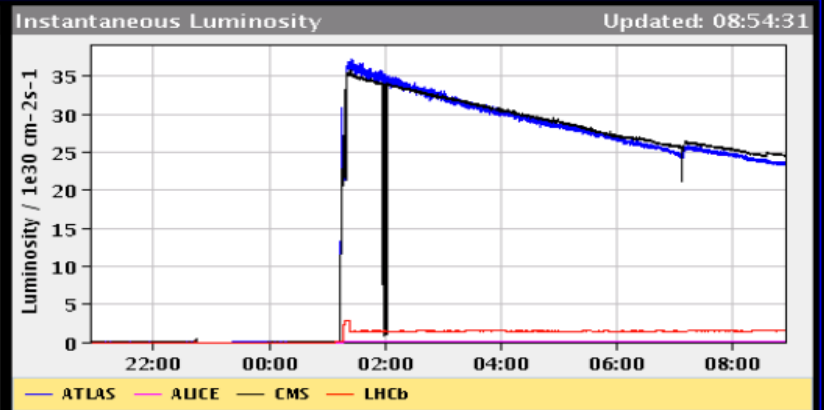
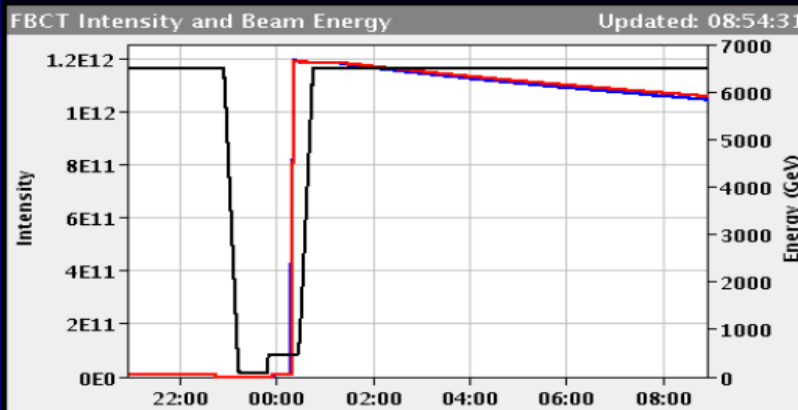
# Data 2016 !!!!!

LHC Page1      Fill: 4861      E: 6499 GeV      t(SB): 07:30:32      25-04-16 08:54:32

## PROTON PHYSICS: STABLE BEAMS

Energy: 6499 GeV      I(B1): 1.09e+12      I(B2): 1.07e+12

Inst. Lumi [(ub.s)<sup>-1</sup>]      IP1: 23.58      IP2: 0.07      IP5: 24.57      IP8: 1.47



Comments (25-Apr-2016 05:39:58)

physics with 12b

### BIS status and SMP flags

	B1	B2
Link Status of Beam Permits	true	true
Global Beam Permit	true	true
Setup Beam	false	false
Beam Presence	true	true
Moveable Devices Allowed In	true	true
Stable Beams	true	true

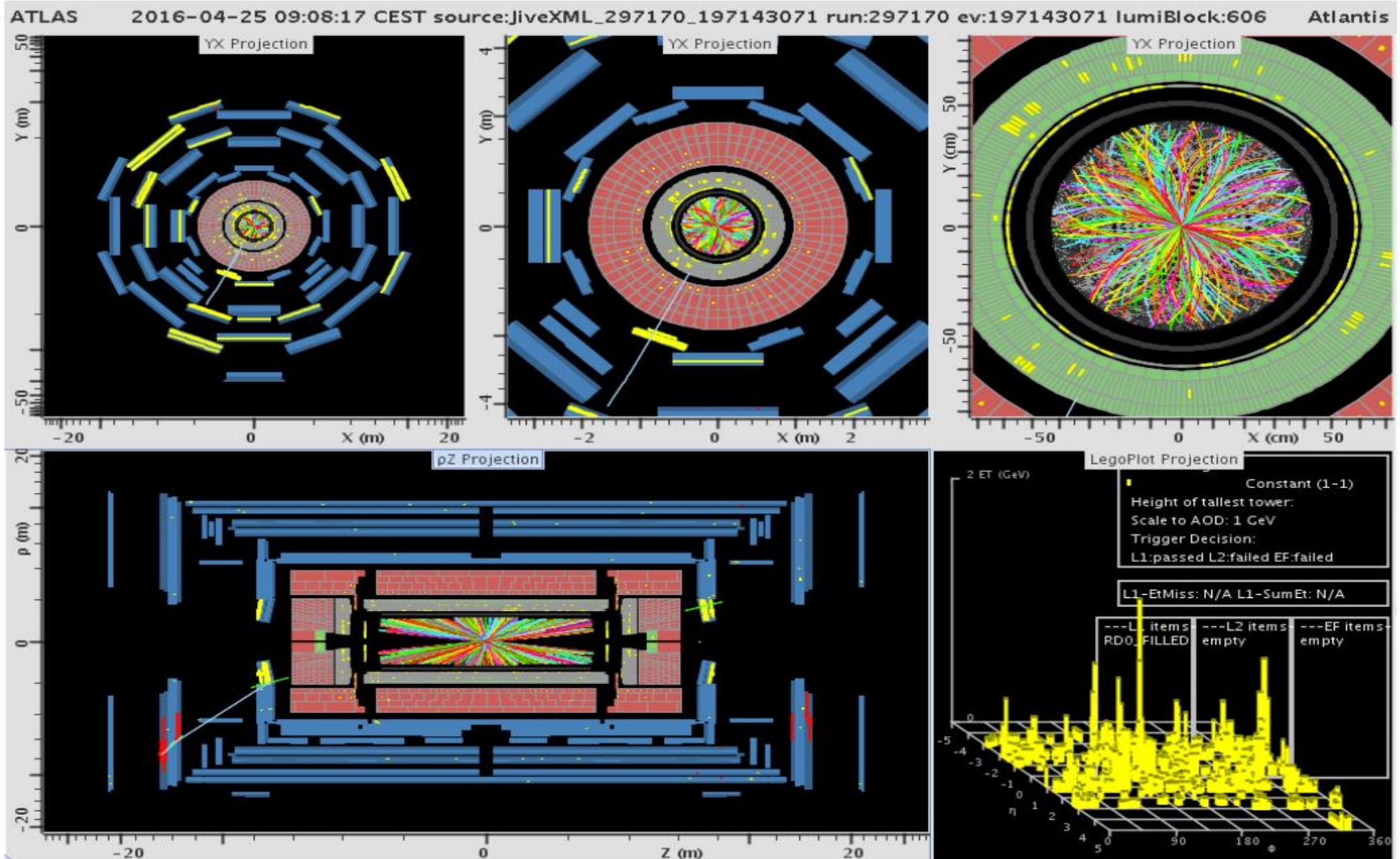
AFS: Multi\_12b\_8\_8\_8\_4bpi\_3inj\_2500ns

PM Status B1 **ENABLED**      PM Status B2 **ENABLED**





# Data 2016 !!!!!

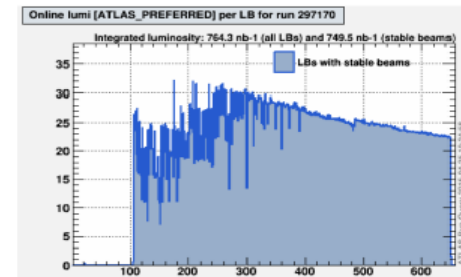
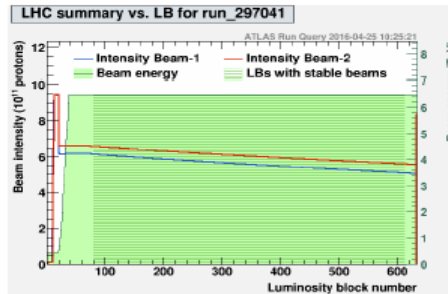


# Data 2016 !!!!!

Sunday 23:35 – Monday 09:56

Run 29170

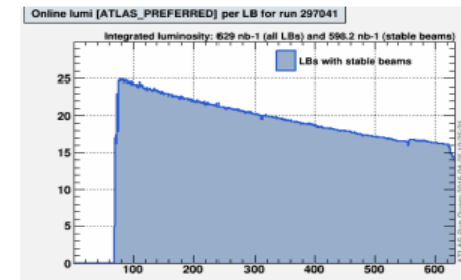
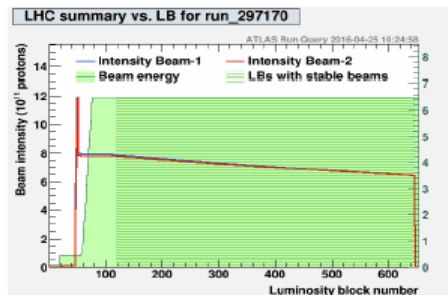
Stable Lumi 750nb-1  
Peak mu 26



Saturday 23:39 – Sunday 09:39

Run 297041

Stable Lumi 600nb-1  
Peak mu 20

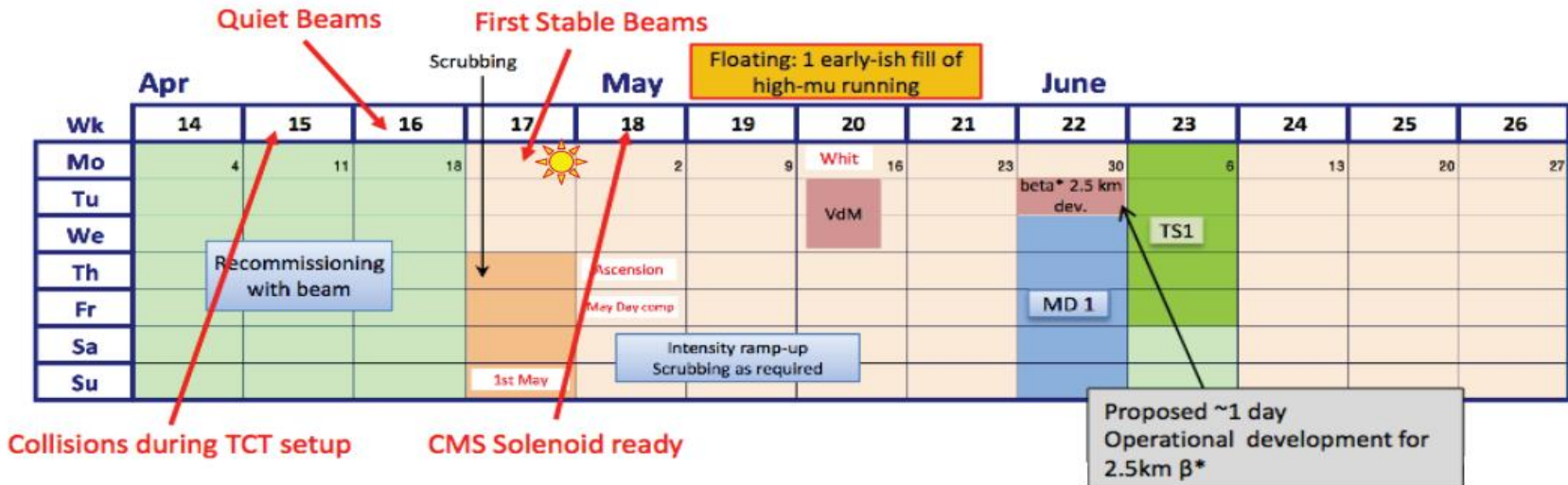


Run 296942	Stable Lumi	50nb-1
	Peak mu	19
Run 296939	Stable Lumi	65nb-1
	Peak mu	16

Total Lumi  $\sim 1.4\text{pb}^{-1}$

i.e. Approx.  $\sim 7$  kW and 0.6-0.8 kZ  
(for each flavor e and mu)

# Data 2016 !!!!!



Stay tuned for more news during summer conferences

